ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

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Date: 06.02.2018

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

BOARD OF STUDIES (2018–2019)

Minutes of the Board of Studies meeting held on 06.02.2018

The M.Sc Physics syllabus was scrutinized and approved with the following modifications/inclusions in the syllabus. The Board of studies has given Major and Minor revisions in the syllabus and suggested to carry out these revisions in the coming academic year 2018-2019. Accordingly revisions are carried out and presented for the ratification.

Masc. Physics

Revision suggested by Expert Committee

- The committee suggested that the Subjects are to be rearranged semester wise in order as per continuity of topics in the curriculum template.
- **New Subject** Mathematical Physics II has been included in the third semester and Syllabus of Mathematical Physics I is modified.
- Some Textbooks and Reference books are added to almost all the subjects
- Major Modifications has been done in the following subjects

Su	ubject Code	Subject
1.	PPH702	Classical and Wave Mechanics
2.	PPH703S	Mathematical Physics
3.	PPH805	Electromagnetic Theory
4.	EPPH704T	Electronic Devices and Applications
5.	PPHG101	General Practical-I
6.	PPHE101	Electronics Practical-I
7.	PPHG202	General Practical-II
8.	PPHE202	Electronics Practical-II
9.	PPHG303	General Practical-III
10.	PPHM303	Microprocessor Practical-III
11.	PPH1013	Research Methodology, Computation Methods &
		Programming

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	12.	PPH911	Microprocessor & Microcontroller	

- Some topics are omitted from Unit -IV of PPH701
- Some minor corrections are carried out in PPH808Q
- Title of EPPH911 changed as Microprocessor 8086 and Microcontroller.
- Title of Classical and Wave Mechanics changed as Classical Mechanics.

Course Structure under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)-2018-2019

M.Sc Physics

First Year

Sem	Code	Title	Hours/Week	Credits
	Core-1	Classical Mechanics	5	4
	Core-2	Mathematical Physics I	5	4
	Core-3	Electromagnetic Theory	5	4
I	Elective-1	Elective-I	5	3
		General Practical-I	4	4
		Electronics Practical-I	4	4
	Total		28	23

Sem	Code	Title	Hours/Week	Credits
	Core-4	Statistical Mechanics	5	4
	Core-5	Mathematical Physics II	5	4
	Core-6	Quantum Mechanics-I	5	4
П	Elective-2	Elective-II	5	3
		General Practical-II	4	4

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	Electronics Practical-II	4	4
Total		28	23

Second Year

Sem	Code	Title	Hours/Week	Credits
	Core-7	Molecular Physics	5	4
	Core-8	Quantum Mechanics – II	5	4
	Core-9	Condensed Matter Physics	5	4
ш	Elective-3	Elective – III	5	3
		General Practical-III	4	4
		Microprocessor Practical-III	4	4
		Human Rights	2	1
	Total		28	24
Sem	Code	Title	Hours/Week	Credits
	Core-10	Nuclear & Particle Physics	5	4
	Elective-4	Elective-IV	5	3
	Elective-5	Elective-V	5	3
IV		Project	8	6
		Guide Paper	3	2
		Skill Based Subject (Scientific Analysis)	4	2
	Total		30	20

Elective-I	
	A. Electronic Devices & ApplicationsB. Laser Physics
Elective-II	
	A. Physics of NanomaterialsB. Medical Physics
Elective-III	
	A. Microprocessor 8086 & MicrocontrollerB. Communication Physics
Elective-IV	
	A. Materials ScienceB. Research Methodology
Elective-V	
	A. Astronomy and AstrophysicsB. Electronic Instrumentation

I – M.Sc (Physics)	CLASSICAL MECHANICS	
SEMESTER - I		HRS/WK - 5
CORE – 1	For the students admitted in the year 2018.	CREDIT - 4

- ✤ To acquire knowledge of Lagrangian formulations.
- ✤ To understand the concepts of Hamiltonian formulations.
- To study dynamics of rigid bodies.
- ✤ To understand the concepts of relativistic mechanics.

UNIT-I: PRINCIPLES AND LAGRANGIAN FORMULATION (15 Hours)

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Mechanics of a particle and system of particles – conservation laws – constraints - generalized co-ordinates – D'Alembert's principle and Lagrange's equations and Hamilton's principle - Lagrangian equation of motion from Hamilton's principle conservation theorems and symmetry properties-Invariance & Noether's theorem (without proof)-Applications.

UNIT-II: CENTRAL FORCE MOTION AND SMALL OSCILLATIONS (15 Hours)

Reduction of two body problem into one body problem-orbits of central body problem – Kepler problem – Runge Lenz vector – Rutherford Scattering cross section- Centre of Mass and Laboratory frames of references - Theory of small oscillations - frequencies of free vibration and normal - coordinates - Linear Di & Tri atomic molecules (HCl, NO_2 , CO_2) – a spring pendulum – double pendulum.

UNIT-III: HAMILTONIAN FORMULATIONS

Hamilton's canonical equation - proof of principle of least action - general equations of canonical transformations -Cyclic Co-ordinates- Hamilton - Jacobi differential equation - Legrange brackets and Poisson brackets - Action angle variables - the Kepler problem in action angle variable.

UNIT-IV: RIGID BODY DYNAMICS

Angular momentum – rotational kinetic energy and moment inertia of a rigid body - Euler's angle - moments and products of inertia - Eulers' equation -Motion of a symmetrical top under the action of gravity.

UNIT-V: RELATIVISTIC MECHANICS

Lorentz transformations - Lorentz transformations in real four dimensional spaces – covariant four dimensional formulations – force and energy equations in relativistic mechanics – Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formulation of relativistic mechanics.

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8

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

Physics

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. Rana.N.C & Joag, P.S, Classical Mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill Education. 2015
- 2. Herbert Goldstein, Classical Mechanics, Narosa Publications.2001
- 3. Louis N. Hand, Janet D. Finch, Analytical Mechanics, Cambridge University Press.1998
- 4. David Morin, Introduction to Classical Mechanics, 2008
- 5. Thornton Marion, Classical Dynamics of Particles and Systems 5th Edition.2004

- 1. Bhatia V.B, Classical Mechanics, Tamil Nadu Book House 2001
- 2. C.R.Mondal, Classical Mechanics, PHI Learning Private Limited.2008
- 3. R. Douglas Gregory, Classical Mechanics, Cambridge University Press.2006
- 4. Theory & Problems Of Theoretical Mechanics (Schaum's Outline Series) (SI Units)1967
- 5. Schaum's Outline of Lagrangian Dynamics (Schaum's Outline Series)2015
- 6. Gupta Kumar Sharma, Classical Mechanics.2010

I – M.Sc (Physics)	MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS - I	
SEMESTER - I		HRS/WK – 5
CORE - 2	For the students admitted in the year 2018	CREDIT – 4

- ✤ To give the basic knowledge of vector spaces.
- ✤ To understand the concepts Fourier and Laplace Transforms.
- To study complex variables
- ✤ To understand the concepts of special functions.

UNIT-I: LINEAR ALGEBRA

(15 Hours)

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Physical examples of Vectors and Matrices - Linear equations - Linear combinations - linear independence - Vector spaces: real and complex - subspace, basis, dimension, intersection - Linear transformations - Inner product, norm, right triangles - Orthogonality, orthogonal complement - Cauchy-Schwarz inequality - Orthonormal basis - Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization Transformation of vectors and matrices under change of basis - Similarity or general linear transformations - completeness relation

UNIT-II: COMPLEX VARIABLES

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Complex variable theory - Single and multivalued functions - The Cauchy-Riemann differential equations - Cauchy's integral theorem and integral formula -Residue and Cauchy's residue theorem - Lioville's theorem - Applications of the evaluation of definite integrals.

UNIT-III: FOURIER SERIES AND LAPLACE TRANSFORMS (15 Hours)

Fourier series - arbitrary period - Dirichlet conditions - Half-wave expansions -Parseval's theorem - Fourier integral and transforms - Fourier Sine and Cosine transformation - Laplace transform - first and second shifting theorems - Inverse Laplace transforms - Laplace transformation for solving differential equations of a function.

UNIT-IV: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Linear ordinary differential equations of first order and second order – Degree of ordinary differential equations – Linear differential equation - General solution and particular solution – Method of solution – Higher order differential equation - Homogeneous linear differential equation - Linear differential equation of second order.

UNIT-V: SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

Gamma and beta functions - Legendre, Bessel, Hermite and Laguerre equations -Generating functions - Series solutions and recurrence relations for Legendre, Bessel, Hermite and Laguerre equations - Physical applications.

Physics

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. Tulsi Dass, S. K. Sharma, Mathematical Physics. 1998
- 2. Sathyaprakash. R, Mathematical Physics.2014
- 3. Arfken G, *Mathematical Methods for Physics* 2012
- 4. Joshi A.W, Matrices and Tensors for Physicists. 1995
- 5. Rainville E.D, Special Functions. 1960
- 6. Bell W.W, Special Functions. 1968
- 7. Spiegel, Fourier Laplace Transforms, Schaum's Outline Series.2014
- 8. Complex Variables Spiegel, Schaum's Outline Series 2009

- 1. Kreyszig E, Advanced Engineering Mathematics.2011
- 2. Reily K.F Hobson M.P. and Bence S.J, *Mathematical Methods for Physicists and Engineers.2006*
- 3. Howard Anton, *Elementary Linear Algebra*, John Wiley Sons2000
- 4. Engineering Mathematics-series, Dr. M. K. Venkataraman- The National publishing company-Madras.1992

I – M.Sc (Physics)	ELECTORMAGNETIC THEORY	
SEMESTER - I		HRS/WK - 5
CORE – 3	For the students admitted in the year 2018	CREDIT – 4

- To study electromagnetic waves
- To understand the concepts of reflection and transmission of EM waves.
- To acquire knowledge of wave guides and waves
- To study about antenna and wave propagation
- To understand the concepts relativistic electrodynamics. *

UNIT I: Electrostatics

Laplace and Poisson equations – Boundary value problems - boundary conditions and uniqueness theorem - Laplace equation in three dimensions- Solution in

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Cartesian and spherical polar coordinates – Examples of solutions for boundary value problems - Polarization and displacement vectors - Boundary conditions - Dielectric sphere in a uniform field – Molecular polarisability and electrical susceptibility –Langevin Theory of Polar molecules - Electrostatic energy in the presence of dielectric – Multipole expansion.

UNIT II: Magnetostatics

Biot-Savart Law - Ampere's circuital law - Magnetic vector potential and magnetic field of a localised current distribution - Magnetic moment, force and torque on a current distribution in an external field - Magnetostatic energy - Magnetic induction and magnetic field in macroscopic media - Boundary conditions - Uniformly magnetized sphere.

UNIT III: Maxwell Equations

Faraday's laws of Induction - Maxwell's displacement current - Maxwell's equations – free space and linear isotropic media - Vector and scalar potentials - Gauge invariance - Wave equation and plane wave solution- Coulomb and Lorentz gauges - Energy and momentum of the field - Poynting's theorem - Lorentz force - Conservation laws for a system of charges and electromagnetic fields.

UNIT IV: Electromagnetic Waves

Plane waves in non-conducting media - Linear and circular polarization, reflection and refraction at a plane interface- Fresnel's law, interference, coherence and diffraction - Waves in a conducting medium - Propagation of waves in a rectangular wave guide - Inhomogeneous wave equation and retarded potentials - Radiation from a localized source - Oscillating electric dipole.

UNIT-V RELATIVISTIC ELECTRODYNAMICS

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

Physics

Four vector-Lorentz transformation of space and time in four vector form. -Transformation of electromagnetic potentials - Maxwell's equation in covariant tensor form

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. David. I. Griffiths, Introduction to electrodynamics, Prentice Hall of India 2012
- 2. Sadiku, Elements of Electromagnetics 2014
- 3. Narayana Rao, Basic electromagnetics with applications, Prentice Hall 1991
- 4. Kraus, Introduction to electrodynamics, Prentice Hall of India.2013
- 5. Chakraborty B, *Principles of Electrodynamics*, Books and allied Kolkata.2002.
- 6. Landah & Lifschitz, Electrodynamics of continuous media. 1960
- 7. SatyaPrakash, *Electromagnetic Theory & Electrodynamics*, Arihant Publishers, 2012.

- 1. Sengupta P, Classical Electrodynamics, New Age International publishers.2015
- 2. Andrew Zangwill, *Modern Electrodynamics*.2013
- 3. Anupam Garg, Classical Electromagnetism in a Nutshell. 2012

I – M.Sc (Physics)	ELECTRONIC DEVICES & APPLICATIONS	
SEMESTER - I	For the students admitted in the	HRS/WK – 5
ELECTIVE - I	Year 2018.	CREDIT – 3

Objectives

- To acquire knowledge of PN junction diode and special diodes
- To understand the concepts of various semiconductor transistors & devices
- To study microwave devices
- ✤ To understand the concepts Op-amps and its applications.

UNIT-I: FABRICATION OF IC AND LOGIC FAMILIES (15 Hours)

Fabrication of IC - Monolithic integrated circuit fabrication - IC pressure transducers -Monolithic RMS - Voltage measuring device - Monolithic voltage regulators - Integrated circuit multipliers - Integrated circuit logic - Schottky TTL - ECL - I2L - P and N-MOS Logic - CMOS Logic- Tristate logic circuits – PLA, PLC and PLD.

UNIT-II: OPTO ELECTRONIC DEVICES

Light sources and Displays - Light emitting diodes - Surface emitting LED - Edge Emitting LED -Seven segment display - LDR - Diode lasers - Photo detectors -Basic parameters - Photodiodes - p-i-n Photo diode - Solar cells - Photo transistors - IR and UV detectors.

UNIT-III: NEGATIVE CONDUCTANCE MICROWAVE DEVICES (15 Hours)

Transit time devices: IMPATT diode – QWITT diode – TRAPATT diode - Gunn diode - The transferred electron mechanism – Formation and drift of space charge domains - modes of operation in resonance circuit - Fabrication and applications.

UNIT-IV: OSCILLOSCOPE AND OTHER MEASURING INSTRUMENTS (15 Hours)

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(15 Hours)

Physics

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1. Tyagi M.S., Introduction to Semiconductor devices, John Wiley & Sons.2015

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REFERENCE BOOKS:-

TEXT BOOKS:-

McGraw-Hill, London.

9. Electronic Communication systems – Roy Blaks, Thomson – Delmar 2002.

10. Electronic Communication – robber t J .Schoenbeck, UBS 2002.

- 2. Streetman B.G., Solid State Electronic Devices, (4th Edition), Prentice Hall of
- India 1997

1. SZE SM, 1985, Semiconductor Devices – Physics and Technology, Wiley.

- 3. Milman and Halkins, 1993, Integrated Electronics, Tata McGraw hill.
- 4. Gayakwad R.A., OP AMPS and Linear Integrated Circuits, (3rd Edn), Prentice Hall of India.2015
- 5. Liano S.L., Microwave Devices and Circuits, Prentice Hall of India.1990
- 6. Taub and Shilling, 1983, Digital Integrated Electronics, McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 7. J. Millman, 1979, Digital and Analog Circuits and Systems, McGraw-Hill, London.
- 8. George Kennedy, 1987, Electronic communication systems 3rd Edition,

Local Loop, PSTN, ISDN, digital exchanges, satellite communication and VSAT, W ireless communication technologies: spread spectrum techniques, OFDM, Cellular phones, 3G wireless, IP telephony, Bluetooth, IrDA, CDMA.

Introduction - Cathode Ray Tube—Theory and Construction - Cathode Ray Oscilloscope Operation - Voltage Sweep Operation - Synchronization and Triggering - Multitrace Operation - Measurement Using Calibrated CRO Scales -Special CRO Features - Signal Generators.

UNIT-V: COMMUNICATION ELECTRONICS

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Physics

(15 hours)

- 2. Joseph Lindemeyer and Charles Y. Wrigley, 1965, *Fundamentals of semiconductor Devices*, D.Van Nostrand Company.
- 3. Gutpa Y.C., Microwave Electronics, John Wiley. 1999
- 4. R.F. Coughlin and F.F, Driscol, 1996, Op-Amp and linear integrated circuits, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 5. M.S.Tyagi, Introduction to Semiconductor Devices, Wiley, New York.1991
- 6. P. Bhattacharya, 2002, Semiconductor Optoelectronic Devices, 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 7. Deboo/ Burrous, 1985, Integrated circuits and semiconductor Devices Theory and application, McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 8. D. Roy Choudhury, 1991, Linear integrated circuits, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi.
- 9. Ramakant Gaekwad, 1981, Operational amplifiers, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi.
- 10.Modern Electronic Communications Gray M. Miller Jeffrey Beasley, PHI, 2003.
- 11. Electronic Communication–Taub, Schilling, 1993 McGraw Hill.
- 12. Electronic Communication Carlson Published 2002 McGraw-Hill.
- 13. Electronic communication systems, Kennedy, TMH.
- 14. Electronic communication, Roody, Coolean, Prentis Hall

II – M.Sc (Physics)	LASER PHYSICS	
SEMESTER - I		HRS/WK – 5
	For the students admitted in the	
ELECTIVE – 1A	year 2012	CREDIT – 3

Objectives

- To understand the basic operations of lasers.
- To study laser characteristics.
- To explore the various laser systems.
- To study the spectroscopic applications of lasers
- ✤ To understand the quantum interpretation.

Academic Council 2017-2018 UNIT-I PRINCEPLES OF LASER ACTION

Einstein's theory - Interaction of radiation with matter - Theory of some simple processes.

UNIT-II LASER CHARACTERISTICS

Gaussian beam and its properties - Stable two Minor optical resonators, Longitudinal and Transverse Modes of Laser cavity- Mode selection-gain in a Regenerative Laser cavity-Threshold for 3 and 4 level laser systems- Mode locking pulse shortening-Pico second & femto second operation- Spectral narrowing and stabilization.

UNIT-III LASER SYSTEMS

Laser systems involving low density gain media- Nitrogen Laser, Carbondioxide Laser and Excimer Laser. Laser systems involving high density gain media- Ruby Laser, Nd-YAG laser, Semiconductor laser, Diode Pumped solid state laser, Dye laser, High power semiconductor diode laser systems.

UNIT-IV LASER SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES AND OTHER APPLICATIONS

(15 Hours)

Laser fluorescence and Raman scattering and their use in Pollution studies, Nonlinear interaction of light with matter, laser induced multi photon processes and their applications, Ultra high resolution spectroscopy with laser and its applications, Propagation of light in a medium with variable refractive index, optical Fibers. Light wave communication. Qualitative treatment of medical and engineering applications of Lasers.

UNIT-V QUANTUM TREATMENT

Einstein coefficients-Momentum transfer- life time- Possibility of amplification. Quantization of the field- Zero point energy, Coherence and monochromaticity,

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

Physics

Kinetics of Optical absorption- Quantum mechanical treatment of line broadening mechanism- Doppler broadening.

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. Orazio Svelto, Principles of Lasers 1991
- 2. William t. Silfvast, Laser Fundamentals 2004
- 3. B.B. Laud, Lasers and Non-linear Optics1992

- 1. Yariv, Optical Electronics 2006
- 2. Demtroder, Laser and Spectroscopy 1973
- 3. Latekhor, Non-linear Laser Spectroscopy 1972

I – M.Sc (Physics)	GENERAL PRACTICAL – I	PPHG101
SEMESTER - I		HRS/WK - 4
CORE	For the students admitted in the year 2018	CREDIT - 4

Any 7 out of 10

- 1. Determination of Stephan's constant.
- 2. Young's Modulus by elliptical fringes.
- 3. Young's Modulus by hyperbolic fringes.
- 4. Determination of band gap in semiconductor.
- 5. Hydrogen spectrum Rydberg's constant.
- 6. Viscosity of liquid Meyer's disc.
- 7. Spectrometer Specific charge of an electron.
- 8. Fiber Optics Experiment.
- 9. Ultrasonic diffraction.

10.Laser- Thickness of the enamel coating on a wire by diffraction.

Academic Council 2017-2018		Physics
I – M.Sc (Physics)	ELECTRONICS PRACTICAL – I	PPHE101
SEMESTER - I	For the students admitted in the year 2011	HRS/WK - 4
CORE		CREDIT - 4

Any 7 out of 11

- 1. FET Characteristics and amplifier design
- 2. UJT characteristics and applications
- 3. Design of a Regulated Power Supply using IC7805.
- 4. Design full adder and full subtractor and verify its truth table using logic gates.
- 5. Design full adder and full subtractor and verify its truth table using logic gates.
- 6. Construct an astable multivibrator using transistor and to determine the frequency of oscillation.
- 7. Design an astable multivibrator using 555 timer.
- 8. Design 4 bit shift register using JK Flip flop.
- 9. Design multiplexer/demultiplexer.
- 10.0p-amp Inverting, non-inverting amplifier Voltage follower- summing, difference, average amplifier differentiator and integrator.
- 11. Application of op-amp as an integrator/differentiator amplifier.

I – M.Sc (Physics)	STATISTICAL MECHANICS For the students admitted in the year 2012	
SEMESTER - II		HRS/WK - 5
CORE - 4		CREDIT - 4

- To study the nature of statistical mechanics
- To understand the concepts of various ensembles
- To study statistics of systems of independent particles
- To understand the concepts quantum statistics.

UNIT-I: FOUNDATIONS OF STATISTICAL MECHANICS (15 Hours)

Phase space- States of a system- Micro canonical ensemble- Density of states-Liouville's theorem- Statistical equilibrium- Relation between statistical and thermo dynamical quantities- Boltzmann entropy relation- Classical ideal gas-Entropy of mixing- Gibb's paradox.

UNIT-II: PARTITION FUNCTION

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Ensemble-canonical, Micro canonical and grand canonical ensembles - Partition function - Relation between partition function and thermo dynamical quantities - Entropy – Helmholtz free energy – Total energy – Enthalpy - Gibb's potential – pressure - specific heat C_v.

UNIT-III: STATISTICS OF SYSTEMS OF INDEPENDENT PARTICLES (15 Hours)

Quantum picture – Maxwell Boltzmann, Bose Einstein and Fermi Dirac statistics -Limit of applicability of the three distribution laws - MB ideal gas - Equipartition law of energy - Classical real gas - Maxwell's law of distribution of velocities – most probable speed, mean speed, root mean square speed.

UNIT-IV: QUANTUM STATISTICS

Ideal BE gas - Gas degeneracy - BE condensation – Photon gas - Plank's law of radiation - Phonon gas - Einstein and Debye's models for specific heat of solids. Ideal FD gas - Gas degeneracy - Electron gas – Pauli's theory of paramagnetism - White dwarfs.

UNIT-V: FLUCTUATIONS AND TRANSPORT PROPERTIES (15 Hours)

Fluctuations in Energy, pressure, volume & enthalpy - density fluctuation-Correlation of space-time dependent fluctuation- Fluctuation dissipation theorem - Transport properties – Boltzmann transport equation-Random walk-Brownian motion.

TEXT BOOKS:-

1. Agarwal B.K. and Melvin Eisner, *Statistical Mechanics*, New Age International Publishers. 2015

Physics

(15 Hours)

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- 2. Kerson Huang, *Statistical Mechanics*, Wiley Eastern Ltd.1987
- 3. Gupta and Kumar, *Elements of Statistical Mechanics*, Meerut, Pragathi Prakasham 1995

- 1. Landau and Lifshitz, Statistical Physics 1980
- 2. Ralph Baierlein, Thermal Physics, Cambridge University Press 1999
- 3. Gupta M. C, Statistical Thermodynamics, New Age International Publishers 1995
- 4. Gopal ESR, *Statistical Mechanics & Properties of Matter*, The Macmillan Co. of India Ltd. 1976
- 5. Laud B.B, *Fundamentals of statistical Mechanics*, New Age International Publishers 1951

I – M.Sc (Physics)	MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS - II	
SEMESTER – II		HRS/WK – 5
	For the students admitted in the year	
CORE – 5	2018	CREDIT – 4

- To give the basic knowledge of tensors
- To acquire knowledge of group theory.
- To understand the concepts partial differential equation.
- To study numerical analysis
- ✤ To understand the concepts of probability and statistics.

UNIT-I: TENSORS

(15 Hours)

Tensors Under Generalized Coordinate Transformations - Definition of tensor; rank, symmetric tensors, contraction, quotient rule; tensors with zero components, tensor equations, metric tensors and their determinants; pseudo tensors; transformation of $\epsilon^{ijk}/(g)^{1/2}$

Academic Council 2017-2018 UNIT-II : GROUP THEORY

Definition of groups, subgroups and conjugate classes - Symmetry elements, Transformation, Matrix representation - Point groups - representation of a group - Reducible and irreducible representations - Orthogonality theorem - character of a representation - character Table C2v and C3v – Application to IR and Raman active vibrations of XY3 molecules - Symmetry rotations SO(2) and SO(3) groups - Symmetry Unitary SU(2) and SU(3) groups.

UNIT-III: PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

Formation of Partial differential equations – elimination of arbitrary constants – elimination of arbitrary functions –Singular integral – General integral - Standard types of first order equations – Linear Partial Differential equation of Second and higher order with constant coefficients. One dimensional wave equations, heat equation.

UNIT-IV: NUMERICAL ANALYSIS

Eigen values and eigenvectors of matrices, power and Jacobi method Finite Differences, interpolation with equally spaced and unevenly spaced point, Curve fitting Polynomial least squares, Numerical solution of ordinary differential equation, Euler & Runga-Kutta method, Numerical integration, Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's method.

UNIT-V: PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS.

Events - Sample Space - Mathematical and Statistical definitions of Probability -Random variables – Distribution function – Discrete random variable – Continuous random variable – Continuous distribution function –Mathematical expectation and variance- Poisson distribution - Normal distribution – Properties of normal distribution – Mean, Median, Mode.

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(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

Physics (15 Hours)

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. S.Narayanan and T.K. Manicavachagom Pillay , Calculus III 1979
- 2. Transforms and Partial differential equations by Dr. A. Singaravelu
- 3. Introductory course in Differential equations , D.A.Murray, Orient Longman (1967)
- 4. Advance Engineering Mathematics , Erwin Kreyzsig, Wiley India Edition (2010)
- 5. Engineering Mathematics , M.K.Venkataraman, National Publications , Chennai (2009)
- 6. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics by S.C.Gupta, V.K.Kapoor, Sultan Chand and Sons , 11th edition 1982
- 7. Statistical methods by S.P.Gupta Sultan Chand.2011
- 8. Statistics (Theory and Practice) by R.S.N.Pillai& V. Bagavathy -S.Chand& Co.
- 9. Bansilal, Sanjay Arora and Sudha Arora (2006): Introducing Probability and Statistics, 2/e, Satya Prakashan Publications, New Delhi.
- 10.F.A Cotton, Chemical Applications of Group Theory, Wiley; Third edition, 2008.
- 11.P K Chattopadhyay, Mathematical Physics New Age; 2 edition, 2013.

- **1.** Kreyszig E, Advanced Engineering Mathematics.2011
- 2. Reily K.F Hobson M.P. and Bence S.J, Mathematical methods 2006

I – M.Sc (Physics)	QUANTUM MECHANICS – I	PPH807S
SEMESTER – II		HRS/WK - 5
	For the students admitted in the	
CORE – 6	Year 2014.	CREDIT - 4

- To study the postulates of quantum mechanics.
- ✤ To understand the concepts one dimensional problems.
- ◆ To understand the concepts of angular momentum operators & Eigen values.
- To understand the approximation methods.
- ✤ To acquire knowledge of relativistic quantum mechanics.

UNIT-I: BASIC FORMALISM

Postulates of quantum mechanics - Equation of continuity – Erhenfest's theorem-Operator formalism - Linear operators, self adjoint operators - expectation value - stationary state - Hermitian operators for dynamical variables - eigen values and functions- orthonormality - commutation relations.

UNIT-II: APPLICATIONS

One dimensional problems – Wells; Infinite square well and finite square well and barriers; Rectangular barrier - Harmonic Oscillator by Schrödinger equation and operator method (I&III D) - Rigid rotator - Hydrogen Atom.

(15 Hours)

Academic Council 2017-2018	Physics
UNIT-III: ANGULAR MOMENTUM	(15 Hours)

Angular momentum operator - commutation rules - Eigen value spectrum -Ladder Operators - Momentum Eigen values and Eigen function - L2 Operators Eigen values and Eigen function - Spin matrices and wave function- combination of two angular momentum - Clebsh Gordon coefficients.

UNIT-IV: APPROXIMATION METHODS

Perturbation theory - Non degenerate and degenerate cases- removal of degeneracy - application to ground state of anharmonic oscillator - Variation method - Hydrogen Molecule - Zeeman and Stark effects - WKB approximation.

UNIT-V: RELATIVISTIC QUANTUM MECHANICS (15 Hours)

The Klein-Gordon equation- probability density and current density- The Dirac's equation and Dirac's matrices- Plane wave solutions of the Dirac's equation- Spin as an inherent property of an electron- Covariant form of Dirac's equation-Gamma matrices and their properties- Positive and negative energy states and Dirac's explanation.

Text books:-

- 1. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, David J. Griffiths. 2005
- 2. Ghatak and Loganathan A.K, *Quantum Mechanics*, Macmillan. 1992
- 3. Mathews P.M and Venkatesan, *Quantum Mechanics*, Tata Mc Graw Hill.1977
- 4. Satya Prakash and Singh C.K, Quantum Mechanics.2014
- 5. Gupta S.L, Kumar V, Sharma R.C and Sharma H.V, *Quantum Mechanics*, Jai Nath & Co. 2007
- 6. Chatwal and Anand, *Quantum Mechanics*, Himalaya & Co.
- 7. Bransden Joachain quantum mechanics solutions manual.

- 2. Powel and Craseman, *Quantum Mechanics*, Addison-Wesley.1961
- 3. J.J Sakurai, Modern Quantum Mechanics.1984
- 4. Gupta S.L. and Gupta I.D, *Advanced Quantum Mechanics and Field*, S. Chand & Co.2004
- 5. V. K. Thangappan, Quantum Mechanics, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.2004
- 6. V. Devanadhan, Quantum Mechanics, Alpha Science.2011

Academic Council 2017-2018		Physics
II – M.Sc (Physics)	PHYSICS OF NANOMATERIALS	PPH912
SEMESTER - II		HRS/WK - 5
	For the students admitted in the	
ELECTIVE – 2	Year 2014.	CREDIT - 4

- To explore the basics of nano physics.
- To study the synthesis of nano crystals.
- To understand the various characterization techniques.
- To have knowledge of nanotutbes
- To understand the applications of nano materials.

Unit – I INTRODUCTION TO NANOPARTICLES (15 Hours)

Introduction - Historical perspective of nano particle - Classification of nanomaterials - Zero Dimension, 1D, 2D & 3D nano particle - Nano material preparation - Plasma arching - Chemical Vapour Deposition - Solgel electro deposition – Ball milling technique.

Unit – II NANO CRYSTALS

Synthesis of metal nanoparticles and structures – Background on quantum semiconductors - Background on reverse Miceller solution - Synthesis of semiconductors - Cadmium telluride nano crystals - Cadmium sulfide nano crystals - Silver sulfide nano crystals - Nano Manipulator - Nano tweezes quantum dots.

Unit - III SIZE DEPENDENT PROPERTIES

Magnetism in particle of reduced size dimension – Variation of magnetism with size-Magnetic behaviour of small particle-Diluted magnetic semiconductors (DMS) - their applications - Nanomaterials in catalysis-Nanostructure adsorbents - Nanoparticle as chemical reagents - Specific heat of nanoparticles crystals -Melting point of nanoparticle material - Nanolithograpy -Estimation of nanoparticle size using XRD, TEM, AFM & MFM.

(15 Hours)

Academic Council 2017-2018		Physics
Unit - IV NANOTUBES	(15	Hours)
New form of carbon-Types of nanotubes-Formation of	nanotube	s-Various
techniques-Preparation and properties of nanotubes-Uses	of nanoti	ubes and
applications-Nanomaterial processing for nanotube-Light an	d nanoted	chnology-
Nanoholes and photons-Quantum electronic devices-Quantum information and		
quantum computers.		

Unit - V APPLICATIONS

Physics

(15Hours)

Micromechanical system – Robots - Ageless material – Nanomechanics – Nanoelectronics - Optoeletronic devices – Micro Electro Mechanical System (MEMS) and Nano Electro Mechanical System (NEMS), Applications - Colourants and Pigments - Nano bio technology - DNA chips - DNA array devices - Drug delivery systems.

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. Kenneth J.Klabunde, 2001; *Nanoscale Materials in chemistry*, a john Wiley &Sons, Inc., Publication.
- 2. De Jongh.J, 1994; *Physics and chemistry of metal cluster compounds*. Kulwer Academic publisher, Dordrecht.
- 3. Henrich. V, Cox P.A, 1994; *Metal oxides, Cambridge university press*, New york.
- 4. Ed. George C.Hadji panyis and Gary A. Prinz, 1991; NATO ASI Series, *Science and technology of Nanostructured Magnetic Materials*, Plenum press, New York.
- 5. T. Pradeep, 2007; Nano: The Essentials: Understanding Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, *Tata McGraw-Hill Education.*

- 1. Jiles.D, 1991; *Introduction to Magnetism and Magnetic and Magnetic Materials*, Chapman and Hall, London
- 2. Christof M. Niemeyer & Chad A. Mirkin 2004; Nano Bio
- 3. Charles Poole, Introduction to nanotechnology.
- 4. Introduction to Nanotechnology, Charles B. Poole, Jr and Frank J. Owens, Wiley International, 2003.
- 5. Guozhong Cao and Ying Wang, Nano Structures and Nano Materials, Second Edition, World Scientific Publishers, 2004.

II – M.Sc (Physics)		
SEMESTER - II	MEDICAL PHYSICS	HRS/WK - 5
ELECTIVE – 2A		CREDIT - 4

- To explain the physical principles underlying the five areas of the application of physics to medicine covered in the module.
- To discuss the advantages and drawbacks of each of these therapeutic or investigative techniques and have some understanding of the current research into ways in which they might be improved.

UNIT I X-RAY IMAGING

Production of X-ray images, attenuation coefficients, choice of suitable energy, contrast, hardware; digital imaging X-ray computed tomography, five generations of scanners, reconstruction methods, CT number, contrast stretching-Optical Chromatography.

UNIT II NUCLEAR MEDICINE

In vitro and in vivo testing, gamma rays for imaging, radiopharmaceuticals, the gamma camera, SPECT, PET, examples of clinical use.

(15 Hours)

UNIT III ULTRASOUND IN MEDICINE

Ultrasound imaging, generation and detection of ultrasound, ultrasound propagation, choice of frequency, A-scan, B-scan, M-mode imaging and echo cardiography. Use of Doppler techniques for blood flow etc. Use of ultrasound in therapy

UNIT IV RADIOTHERAPY

Effect of radiation on normal and malignant tissue, cell survival Types of radiotherapy unit: low voltage, orthovoltage, megavoltage, electron beam, brachytherapy Dosimetry: calculation and measurement of dose, % depth dose, isodose lines, scattering effects Treatment planning, fractionation, conformal radiotherapy-Photodynamic Therapy.

UNIT V NEUROELECTRICS AND NEUROMAGNETICS (15 Hours)

Basic electrophysiology, genesis of electric and magnetic signals Techniques for measurement and imaging of EEG, ECG, MEG and MCG.

Physics

(15 Hours)

- 2. Dendy. P.P and B Heaton, <u>Physics of Diagnostic Radiology</u>, IOPP 2012
- 3. Brown. B.H et. al., <u>Medical Physics and Biomedical Engineering</u> IOPP 1999
- 4. Duck. F, <u>Ultrasound in Medicine</u>, IOPP 2009
- 5. Krestel. E, Imaging Systems for Medical Diagnostics, Siemens 1990

- Maisey, Britton and Gilday (Eds), <u>Clinical Nuclear Medicine</u>, Chapman and Hall 1991
- 2. Hendee. W.R, <u>Radiation Therapy Physics</u>, Mosby 2004
- 3. HedrickW.R, DL Hykes, and DE Starchmann, <u>Ultrasound Physics and</u> <u>Instrumentation</u>, Mosby 1995
- 4. Steele. G, Basic Clinical Radiobiology, Arnold 2002
- 5. Carlton. R and A. Adler, <u>Principles of Radiographic Imaging</u>, Delmar 2005
- 6. Cameron.J.R and J.G. Skofonick, Medical Physics, Wiley1978
- 7. Delchar. T.A, Physics in Medical Diagnosis, Chapman and Hall 1997

I – M.Sc (Physics)	GENERAL PRACTICAL -II	PPHG202
SEMESTER – II	For the students admitted in the	HRS/WK - 4
CORE – PRACTICAL-II	year 2018	CREDIT - 3

Any 7 out of 10

- 1. Electrical resistance of a metal / alloy by four probe's method.
- 2. F. P etalon using spectrometer.
- 3. Determination of Planck's constant.
- 4. Cauchy's dispersion constant.
- 5. Determination of dielectric constant of solids.
- 6. Ultrasonic interferometer Viscosity and Compressibility of liquids.
- 7. Hall effect experiment Determination of charge carrier density.
- 8. Polarisibility of Liquids using hollow prism.
- 9. Susceptibility of a liquid by Quincke's method.
- 10. Michelson's interferometer.

Academic Council 2017-2018		Physics
I – M.Sc (Physics)	ELECTRONICS PRACTICAL – II	PPHE202
SEMESTER - II		HRS/WK - 4
	For the students admitted in the	
CORE – PRACTICAL -II	year 2008	CREDIT - 3

Any 7 out of 10

- 1. Op-amp solving simultaneous equations
- 2. Up-down counters Design of modulus counters
- 3. IC 555 Monostable multivibrator, frequency divider
- 4. Op-amp I to V and V to I converters
- 5. D/A converter using comparator R-2R ladder network.
- 6. Shift registers
- 7. Schmitt trigger
- 8. Wein bridge oscillator using Op-amp.
- 9. Phase shift oscillator using Op-amp.
- 10.Logic Simplification With Karnaugh Maps
- 11. Implementation of 4-bit parallel adder using 7483 IC.
- 12. Design & verify the operation of magnitude comparator.

I – M.Sc (Physics)	MOLECULAR PHYSICS	PPH808Q
SEMESTER - III	For the students admitted in the year 2011	HRS/WK - 5
CORE – 7		CREDIT - 4

Objectives

- ✤ To understand the concepts microwave and IR spectroscopy.
- To study Raman spectroscopy.
- ✤ To understand the concepts molecular quantum.
- To study the electronic spectra of molecules.
- To acquire knowledge of nuclear spectroscopy.

UNIT-I: MICROWAVE (MW) AND INFRARED (IR) SPECTROSCOPY (15 Hours)

Classification of rotating molecules – rotational spectra of linear and symmetric top molecules - Stark modulation MW spectrometer - IR spectrometer – diatomic

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molecules as harmonic and anharmonic oscillators- rotation –vibration spectra diatomic molecules – P,O and R branches- analysis of symmetric top molecules – Principle, Instrumentation and applications of FTIR.

UNIT-II: RAMAN SPECTROSCOPY (15 Hours)

Raman Effect - Molecular polarisability – Quantum theory – Pure rotational Raman spectra of diatomic and poly atomic molecules – Vibration - rotation Raman spectra of diatomic and polyatomic molecules - Application of Raman spectroscopy for the structure determination of H_2O molecule. Laser Raman spectroscopy – Principle, Instrumentation and applications of FTRAMAN spectroscopy.

UNIT-III: UV-VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY (15

Molecular quantum number – coupling of angular momenta - classification of states- electronic spectra of diatomic molecules - Frank Condon principle - Vibrational structure of electronic bands - Rotational fine structure - Fortrat parabola and band head formation- dissociation energy.

UNIT-IV: NMR SPECTROSCOPY

Concepts of NMR spectroscopy- Chemical shift- spin-spin coupling between two and more nuclei - application to structural determination of molecules- spin spin and spin lattice relaxation processes - FTNMR – measurement of relaxation times by pulse sequence technique.

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

Academic Council 2017-2018

Academic Council 2017-2018	Physics
UNIT-V: ESR, NQR and MOSSBAUER SPECTROSCOPY (15	Hours)
Concept of ESR spectroscopy - effect of L-S coupling - Lande splitting fa	ctor 'g" –
Hyperfine and fine structure. General principles of NQR spec	troscopy,
Instrumentation and its applications. Mossbauer spectroscopy -	recoilless
emission and absorption - Mossbauer spectrometer- Isomer shift -	Nuclear
quadrupole splitting - Zeeman splitting.	

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. Banwell CN and McCash E.M, 1994, *Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy*, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. Aruldas G, 2001, *Molecular structure and spectroscopy*, Prentice,-Hall of India Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Satyanarayana D.N, 2004, *Vibrational spectroscopy and applications*, New age international Publications, New Delhi.
- 4. Atta U Rahman, 1986, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance, Springer Verlag, Newyork.
- 5. Towne and Schawlow, 1995, Microwave Spectroscopy, McGraw-Hill,
- 6. D.A.Lang, *Raman Spcetroscopy*, McGraw-Hill international, N.Y.
- 7. Jenkens and white, Basics of Spectroscopy.

REFERENCE:-

- 1. Raymond Chang, 1980, *Basic Principles of spectroscopy*, McGraw-Hill, Kogakusha, Tokyo.
- 2. Straughan B.P. and Walker, *Spectroscopy-Vol* 1, Chapman and Hall, London, 1996.
- 3. Straughan B.P. and Walker, *Spectroscopy-Vol* 2, Chapman and Hall, London, 1996.
- 4. Straughan B.P. and Walker, *Spectroscopy-Vol 3*, Chapman and Hall, London, 1996.
- 5. Hore P.J, *Nuclear Magnetic Resonance* Oxford Science Publications 1995.

Academic Council 2017-2018 II – M Sc (Physics) **OLIANTUM MECHANICS – II**

II Mise (I Hysics)		1111707
SEMESTER - III		HRS/WK – 5
CORE – 8	For the students admitted in the Year 2014.	CREDIT - 4

Objectives

- To study transition under constant perturbation and transition probability.
- To understand the concepts of scattering theory.
- To study the identical particles.
- To understand the semi classical treatment of radiation.
- To acquire knowledge of quantization of fields.

UNIT-I EVOLUTION WITH TIME

Transition under constant perturbation - Transition probability - Fermi Golden Rule- Harmonic perturbation - Adiabatic and sudden approximations -Schrödinger picture - Heisenberg's picture - Interaction picture.

UNIT-II SCATTETING THEORY

Collision in three dimension and scattering- laboratory and CM reference frames-Scattering Amplitude- Differential scattering cross section- Total scattering cross section- Scattering by spherically symmetrical potentials- partial waves and phase shifts- Born's approximation and its validity- square well, Yukawa potential and Rutherford's formula.

UNIT-III IDENTICAL PARTICLES

Symmetric and antisymmetric wave functions – collision of identical particles – spin angular momentum – spin functions for a many – electron system – Slater's determinant - Hartree Fock Method.

UNIT-IV SEMICLASSICAL TREATMENT OF RADIATION (15 Hours)

Spontaneous and induced emission of radiation from semi - classical theory -Einstein's coefficients for induced and spontaneous emission and the relation between them - Electric di-pole and forbidden transition- selection rules.

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45

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

Physics

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UNIT-V QUANTISATION OF FIELDS

Relativistic Lagrangian and Hamiltonian of a charged particle in an electromagnetic field – Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formulations of fields-Second quantization of Klein Gordon field – creation and annihilation operators – commutation rules – Quantization of electromagnetic and Schrodinger's field.

1. Ghatak A.K and Loganathan, *Quantum Mechanics*, Macmillan 1999

- 2. Mathews P.M and Venkatesan, Quantum Mechanics, Tata Mc Graw Hill 1977
- 3. Satya Prakash, Advanced Quantum Mechanics.2008
- 4. Gupta S.L, Kumar V, Sharma R.C, and H.V Sharma, *Quantum Mechanics*, Jai Nath & Co 2007
- 5. Chatwal and Anand, Quantum Mechanics, Himalaya & Co
- 6. Messiah A.P, Quantum Mechanics. 2013
- 7. Steven Weinberg, Lectures on Quantum Mechanics.2011
- 8. Amitabha Lahiri and Palash Pal, A First Book of Quantum Field Theory.2001

- 1. Feynmann Lectures, Quantum Mechanics, Vol.- III 2013
- 2. Powel and Craseman, Quantum Mechanics, (Addison-Wesley) 1962
- 3. Schiff L.I, Quantum Mechanics, Mc Graw Hill 1968
- 4. Gupta S.L, Gupta I.D, Advanced Quantum Mechanics and Field, S. Chand & Co.2010
- 5. V. Devanadhan, Quantum Mechanics, Alpha Science.2005

CORE – 9	year 2008	CREDIT - 4
Objectives		
* To acquire knowle	day arriverals and to study arriveral str	ructure by y ray

CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS

For the students admitted in the

- To acquire knowledge crystals and to study crystal structure by x-ray diffraction pattern
- ✤ To explore the various defects in crystals.
- ✤ To understand the band theory of solids.
- To have knowledge of superconductors.
- ✤ To study the ferro electric and magnetic systems

UNIT-I CRYSTAL PHYSICS

Academic Council 2017-2018

II - M.Sc (Physics)

SEMESTER – III

Unit cell - two and three dimensional Bravais lattices - Miller indices – reciprocal lattices - interaction of X-rays with matter - absorption of X-rays- elastic scattering from a perfect lattice - X-ray intensity and atomic configuration of unit cell - Diffraction of X-rays by crystals - application of reciprocal lattice in diffraction techniques - The Laue's powder and rotating crystal methods - crystal structure factor and diffraction of neutrons by crystals- temperature dependence of reflection lines – Debye - Waller factor.

UNIT-II CRYSTAL DEFECTS

Crystal imperfections - point defects and phonon defects - ionic conductivity and lattice defects - Colour centres- F-centres - dislocations-dislocation densities - elementary ideas of crystal growth - grain boundaries - dislocations in plastic deformation and crystal growth - X-rays and electron microscope techniques in crystal imperfection studies.

UNIT-III ELECTRONS IN SOLIDS

Electrons in a periodic lattice - Bloch theorem - band theory - Effective mass-Classification of solids – metals - semiconductors and insulators – Phonons -Fermi surface- Brillouin Zones - construction of Fermi surfaces - Experimental

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

Physics

PPH910

HRS/WK - 5

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. Kittel. C, 1995, Introduction to Solid State Physics, 7th Edition, John Wiley & Sons
- 2. M.A. Wahab, Solid State Physics: Structure and Properties of Materials.2009
- 3. Pillai S.O, 1997, Solid State Physics, New Delhi, New Age International
- 4. Dekker, Solid State Physics 1995
- 5. Kachava. C.M, 1990, Solid State Physics, New Delhi, Tata McGrawHill
- 6. Verma and Srivastava, Crystallography for Solid State Physics 2006
- 7. HP Myers Introductory solid state physics. 1997
- 8. H. Ibach and H. Lüth. Solid-State Physics. An Introduction to Theory and Experiment. 1993
- 9. Omar, Elementary Solid State Physics 1993

REFERENCE BOOKS:-

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methods in Fermi surface studies- Cyclotron resonance - magnetoresistance - De Haas Van Alphen effect.

UNIT-IV SUPERCONDUCTIVITY

Phenomena of superconductivity - Meissner effect - Type I and II superconductors- Thermodynamics of superconducting transitions - London's equation - Cooper pairing - BCS theory of superconductivity- Ginzbung - London theory- Josephson theory - D.C and A.C. Josephson effect - Quantum interference vortices and Type II superconductors - Introduction to High temperature superconductors.

UNIT-V MULTIFERROIC SYSTEMS

Polarization - dielectric constants - interval field - electric polarizability -

(15

(15

ferroelectric crystals - displacive transitions - antiferroelectricy - ferroelectric domain – piezo electricity – interaction between magnetic ions – Curie Weiss law

- exchange interaction - internal field - spin waves - ferromagnetic domains anti ferromagnetism - behavior of antiferromagnets above and below Neel temperature.

Academic Council 2017-2018

Physics

Hours)

Hours)

- 1. Azaroff, Introduction to Solids
- 2. Aschroft and Mermin, Solid State Physics 1958
- 3. Blakemore.J.S, 1974, Solid *State Physics*, 2nd Edition, Philadelphia, W.B Saunders & Co.
- 4. Chaikin and Lubensky, Principles of Condensed Matter Physics 2000
- 5. Cullity, Elements of X-ray Diffraction2010

Academic Council 2017-2018		Physics
II – M.Sc (Physics)	MICROPROCESSOR 8086 AND	EPPH911
SEMESTER – III		HRS/WK - 5
	MICROCONTROLLER	
ELECTIVE – 3	For the students admitted in the	CREDIT - 4
	year 2008	

Objectives:

- An in depth understanding of the architecture and working of microprocessors and micro controllers.
- To explore to the popular microprocessor Intel 8086 and the micro controller Intel 8051.

UNIT-1: INTEL 8086 ARCHITECTURE AND INSTRUCTION SET (15 Hours)

Internal architecture of 8086 - Software model - Internal registers - Minimum mode and Maximum mode system - Instruction set - Addressing modes – Data transfer, Arithmetic, Logical, Shift and rotate instruction – Compare, Jump, Loop, String, Processor control, CALL - RET and stack instructions - Procedures - Assembler Macros - Assembler directives.

UNIT-11: MODULAR PROGRAMMING AND MULTIPROGRAMMING (15 Hours)

Linking and relocation – access to external identifiers – procedures – interrupts and their routines – macros – process management and IRMX86 – semaphore operations – common procedure sharing.

UNIT-III: I/O CONSIDERATION, INTERRUPTS AND SYSTEM BUS STRUCTURE

(15 Hours)

Programmed I/O – Interrupt I/O – block transfer and DMA – basic 8086 bus configuration – minimum and maximum modes – system bus timings – interrupt priority management – single and multiple 8259.

Academic Council 2017-2018	Physics
UNIT-IV INTEL 8051 MICRO CONTROLLER	(15 Hours)

Introduction – 8 and 16 bit Microcontroller families –Flash series – Embedded RISC Processor – 8051 Microcontroller Hardware – Internal registers – Addressing modes – Assembly Language Programming – Arithmetic, Logic and Sorting operations.

UNIT-IV - Interfacing I/O and Memory With 8051 (15 Hours)

Interfacing I/O Ports, External memory, counters and Timers - Serial data input/output, Interrupts – Interfacing 8051 with ADC, DAC, LED display, Keyboard, Sensors and Stepper motor.

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. Yu-cheng Liu, Glen A. Gibson, 2006, *Microcomputer System 8086/8088 Family*, Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Douqlas V. Hall, 2005, *Microprocessor interfacing, Programming and Hardware*, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 3. Vijayendran V, 2005, *Fundamentals of Microprocessor 8086*, 3rd Edition Visvanathan Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, 2006, *the 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems*, First Impression, Pearson Prentice Hall.

- 1. Barry B Brey, 1995, *The Intel Microprocessor 8086/8088, 80186, 80286, 80386 and 80486*, 3rd Edition, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Uffrenbeck J, *The 8086/8088 Family Design*, Programming and Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India.1994
- 3. Tribel W.A and Avtar Singh, *The 8086/8088 Microprocessors Programming*, Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India.1999

II – M.Sc (Physics)	COMMUNICATION PHYSICS	EPPH1014
SEMESTER - III		HRS/WK - 5
ELECTIVE – 3A	For the students admitted in the year 2008	CREDIT - 4

Objectives

- ✤ To learn FM, SSB & ISB transmission methods.
- ✤ To know the digital modulation and satellite communication.
- ✤ To understand the transmission and reception of TV.
- To have knowledge modern communication systems
- ✤ To study the basics of fiber optic communication.

UNIT-I FM TRANSMISSION

Frequency modulation – FM radio frequency band – Direct frequency modulation – modulation index – FM wave equation – Bandwidth – deviation ratio – voltage distribution – power – reactance modulation – FM radio receiver (Block diagram) - SSB Transmission – Advantages and disadvantages –Balanced Modulators – Separation of sidebands – Filter method – the phase shift method – ISB – ISB receiver.

UNIT-II DIGITAL MODULATION, MULTIPLEXING AND SATELLITE COMMUNICATION (15 Hours)

Digital Modulation – codes – Data forms – Transmission modes between stations – Modems – Pulse amplitude modulation – Time division multiplexing – pulse width modulation – pulse position modulation – frequency division multiplexing – satellite communication – Geostationary satellites – Communication satellites – satellite subsystems – Earth stations – domestic satellites.

UNIT-III TELEVISION

Television transmission – television pictures and cameras – Interlaced scanning and picture resolution – Tonal and colour characteristics of pictures – composite

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(15 Hours)

Physics

B & W and colour video signals – colour TV transmitter – Television reception – colour receiver plan – Electronic tuner – IF subsystem – receiver sound system – Y signal channel – chroma decoder – Raster circuits – EHT generation – receiver picture tubes – remote control of receiver functions.

Physics

UNIT-IV TELEPHONE SYSTEM AND MODERN COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

(15 Hours)

Telephony – Telephone Instruments – Telephone transmitter and receiver – Electronic telephone – Dialler – Ringer – Transmission bridges – Telephone relays – Local Battery exchanges and central battery exchange – Automatic telephony – crowbar exchange – cross bar switch and exchange – electronic telephone exchanges – SLIC – advantages and disadvantages of digital transmission – FACSIMILE and cellular radio systems.

UNIT-V FIBER OPTIC COMMUNICATION

Fiber materials – glass fibers – plastic clad glass fiber – plastic fibers – fiber optic communications – propagation theory – numerical aperture – classification of optical fibers – scalar wave equation and solution to step index fiber – loss mechanism in optical fibers – signal distortion due to dispersion – amount of dispersion in a step index fiber.

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. Robert. J Schoenbeck, 1999, *Electronic communications*, Prentice Hall of India (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2. Gulati R.R, 2000, *Composite Satellite and Cable Television*, New Age international.
- 3. Anokh Singh, 1999, *Principle of Communication Engineering*, Chand & Co, New Delhi.
- 4. Louis E. Frenzel, 1994, *Communication Electronic*, Mc Graw Hill.

REFERENCE BOOKS:-

- 1. Cerin, Introduction to Optical Fibers, McGraw Hill 1982
- 2. B.B. Laud, Laser and Nonlinear Optics, Wiley Eastern Limited 1991

II – M.Sc (Physics)	GENERAL PRACTICAL -III	PPHG303
SEMESTER - III	For the students admitted in the	HRS/WK - 4
CORE – PRACTICAL-III	year 2018	CREDIT - 3

Any 7 out of 10

- 1. e- Millikan's oil drop method.
- 2. Dielectric constant Lecher Wires.
- 3. Resistivity of semiconductor.
- 4. Biprism Wave length and thickness
- 5. Spectrometer Refractive index of different liquids using Hollow prism.
- 6. Test the validity of the Hartmann's prism dispersion formula using the visible region of mercury spectrum
- 7. Thickness Of Mica Sheet Using Edser Butler Method using spectrometer.
- 8. Measurement of wave length of He-Ne laser light using ruler.

- 9. Magnetic Susceptibility, Gouy 's method.
- 10.Half shade polarimeter determination of the specific rotation of sugar solution.

Academic Council 2017-2018		Physics
II – M.Sc (Physics)	MIROPROCESSOR PRACTICAL – I	PPHE303
SEMESTER - III		HRS/WK - 4
	For the students admitted in the	
CORE – PRACTICAL - III	year 2017	CREDIT - 3

Experiments may be combined to make 7 out of 25

- 1. Program to Increment an 8-bit Number
- 2. Program to Increment a 16-bit Number
- 3. Program to Decrement an 8-bit Number
- 4. Program to Decrement a 16-bit Number
- 5. Program to Find 1's Complement of an 8-bit Number
- 6. Program to Find 1's Complement of a 16-bit Number
- 7. Program to Find 2's Complement of an 8-bit Number
- 8. Program to Find 2's Complement of a 16-bit Number
- 9. Program to Add Two 8-bit Numbers
- 10. Program to Add Two 16-bit Numbers
- 11. Program to Subtract Two 8-bit Numbers
- 12. Program to Subtract Two 16-bit Numbers
- 13. Program to Multiply Two 8-bit Unsigned Numbers
- 14. Program to Multiply Two 16-bit Unsigned Numbers
- 15. Program to Multiply Two 8-bit Signed Numbers
- 16. Program to Multiply Two 16-bit Signed Numbers
- 17. Program to Divide 16-bit Unsigned Number by an 8-bit Unsigned Number
- 18. Program to Divide 16-bit Signed Number by an 8-bit Signed Numbers
- 19. Sum of 'n' consecutive numbers
- 20. Conversion of BCD number to decimal
- 21. Separating Odd and Even numbers
- 22. Curve fitting Least Square fitting with algorithm, flowchart C Program.
- 23. Solution of a Polynomial equation and determination of roots by Newton Raphson Method with algorithm, flowchart – C Programme
- 24. Program for Addition and Subtraction of two numbers using Microcontroller 8051
- 25. Program for Multiplication and Division of two numbers using Microcontroller 8051

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I – M.Sc (Physics)	NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS	PPH806T
SEMESTER – IV	For the students admitted in the	HRS/WK - 5
CORE - 10	year 2014	CREDIT - 4

Objectives

- To understand the concepts of nuclear models.
- To study central force and tensor force
- To understand the concepts of nuclear reaction.
- To study the theory of beta decay.
- To acquire knowledge of particle physics.

UNIT-I NUCLEAR MODELS

Liquid drop model- Bohr Wheeler theory fission- Experimental evidence for shell effects- Shell model-Spin orbit coupling- Magic numbers- Angular Momenta and parities of nuclear ground states- Qualitative discussion and estimates of transition rates- magnetic moments and Schmidt lines- Collective model of Bohr and Mottelson- oblate and prolate deformation of Nucleus.

UNIT-II NUCLEAR FORCE

Central force and tensor forces- Ground state of deuteron- Magnetic and quadrupole moments- Charge independence and spin dependence of nuclear forces-n-p scattering and p-p scattering at low energies-effective range theory-High energy nucleon- nucleon scattering-Exchange forces- Meson theory of nuclear forces.

UNIT-III NUCLEAR REACTIONS

Types of reactions and conservation laws- energetics of nuclear reactionsreaction dynamics- Q - value equation- scattering and reaction cross sectioncompound nucleus- scattering matrix- fission and controlled fission reactions, fission reactors - fission explosives - fusion, solar fusion - thermonuclear reactions and weapons.

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(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

Physics

Academic Council 2017-2018	Physics
UNIT-IV NUCLEAR DECAY	(15 Hours)

Beta decay- Fermi theory of beta decay- Shape of the beta spectrum- Total decay rate- Angular momentum and parity selection rules- Comparative half-livesallowed and forbidden transitions- Selection rules- Parity violations- Two component theory of neutrino decay- Detection and properties of neutrino-Gamma decay.

UNIT-V PARTICLE PHYSICS

(15 Hours)

Baryons and Mesons- their properties, decay models- Strong, weak and electromagnetic interactions- Hadrons and Leptons, Tau-Theta puzzle-Strangeness- Gellman- Nishijima-relations-SU(3) classifications of Hadrons-Octets and decouplets-elementary ideas of Quarks – New particles.

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. Srivastava B.N, *Basic Nuclear Physics*, Pragathi Prakasan.1962
- 2. Tayal D.C, Nuclear Physics, Himalaya Publications.1970
- 3. Pandya M.L, *Elementary Nuclear Physics*, Kedar Nath Ram Nath.
- 4. Enge H.A, Introduction to Nuclear Physics, Addison-Wesley.1966
- 5. Concepts of Nuclear Physics B.L. Cohen (Wiley-Eastern)1989
- 6. Griffiths D, Introduction to Elementary Particles, Harper and Row.1987

- 1. Elton, Introductory Nuclear Theory, Pitman.1966
- 2. Waghmare Y.R, *Introductory Nuclear Physics*, Oxford-IBH.1981
- 3. Kaplan I, *Nuclear Physics*, Narosa.1989
- 4. Kenneth S. Krane, Introductory Nuclear Physics, Wiley-Eastern 1987

II - M.Sc (Physics)	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY ,	PPH1013

St. Joseph's College of Arts & Science (Autonomous), Cuddalore-1

Academic Council 201	7-2018	Physics
SEMESTER – IV	COMPUTATION METHODS & PROGRAMMING	HRS/WK - 5
ELECTIVE-4	For the students admitted in the Year 2014.	CREDIT - 4

Objectives

To explore basics of research techniques.

UNIT-I: PRINCIPLES OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH (15 Hours)

Identification of the problem- Literature survey – Reference collection – Familiarity with ideas and concept of investigation –Internet Browsing –Drawing inference from data.

UNIT-II: QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS (15 Hours)

Result –Seminar _Synopsis writing –Art of writing a research paper, Research Project and Thesis -Power point presentation –OHP Presentation.

UNIT-III: ORIGIN GRAPHING AND ANALYSIS (15 Hours)

Linear curve fitting - non-linear curve fitting - model validation - dataset comparison tools - multi-dimensional data analysis- Peak Analysis.

UNIT – IV PROGRAMMING WITH MATLAB (15 Hours)

File structure and Management-Computation and Calculation- Algorithms syntax – debugging - Logical Control and Looping- hardware Interface

UNIT - V: PYTHON PROGRAMMING ENVIRONMENT (15 Hours)

Fundamental python programming techniques such as lambdas, reading and manipulating csv files, and the numpy library - Data manipulation and cleaning

techniques - Abstraction of the Series and Data Frame as the central data structures for data analysis - merge, and pivot tables – clean – manipulate - run -Applied Plotting, Charting & Data Representation in Python - Applied Text Mining in Python

TEXT BOOK:

2. Research Methodology – Methods and Techniques (Third Edition) C.R. Kothari and G. Garg 1990

REFERENCE BOOKS:

3. Nekane Guarrotxena, Research Methodology in Physics and Chemistry of Surfaces and Interfaces. 2014

II - M.Sc (Physics)	MATERIALS SCIENCE	EPPH1014
SEMESTER - IV		HRS/WK - 5
	For the students admitted in the	
ELECTIVE – 4A	Year 2014.	CREDIT - 4

Objectives

- To understand the classification of materials.
- To study various phase diagrams.
- To know the phase transformation and nucleation.
- To learn the electron theory of metals
- To study the electric and magnetic properties of materials.

Unit I CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS

Engineering materials- Material structure- Types of Bonds and their energies – Bond formation mechanism- Ionic bond-covalent bond examples-ceramics-

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thermal and electrical properties – uses-Metallic bond- comparison of bond (dispersion bonds, dipole bonds and hydrogen bonds)-Crystal imperfection – Types of imperfections- Thermal vibrations – point, line and surface imperfections- Frank –Read source.

Unit II PHASE DIAGRAMS

Basic terms- solid solutions- Hume – Rothery's rules- intermediate phase- Gibb's Phase rules- Time – temperatures cooling curves- construction of phase diagrams- the Lever rule- eutectic systems- eutectoid - Systems- peritectic and peritectoid system-Ternary equilibrium diagrams.

Unit-III PHASE TRANSFORMATION

Rate of transformation- nucleation (homogeneous and heterogeneous)nucleation and growth –applications of phase transformations – micro constituent of iron – carbon system –the allotropy of iron – Iron-Carbon equilibrium diagram- formation of Austenite- TTT diagram- transformation Austenite upon continuous cooling.

Unit IV ELECTRON THEORY OF METALS

Fundamental theories of electrons (Drude and Lorentz theory and Sommerfield free electron theory) –electron energies in a metal- Zone theory of solids- energy gaps – density of states – Zones in conductors, insulators and semiconductors - factors affecting electrical resistance of materials.

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(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

Physics

Unit V ELECTRICAL AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS (15 Hours)

Resistivity- conductivity- semiconductors –classification of semiconductors on the basis of Fermi energy and Fermi levels- insulators –dielectrics –ferro electricity –electro strict ion- Piezo electricity –uses of dielectrics –capacitors dielectric strength- magnetic properties of materials –magneto strict ionmagnetic domain –soft and hard magnetic materials.

TEXT BOOKS:-

- 1. Saxena B.S, Gupta. R.C and Saxena .P.N, Fundamentals of Solid State Physics
- 2. Singhal.R.L, 2000-2001, Solid State Physics, Kedar Nath Ram Nath & Co, Meerut.
- 3. Kittel C,1992, Introduction to Solid State Physics, New India Publishing House.

- 1. Raghavan.V, 1990, *Materials Science and Engineering a first course, III Ed,* Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Structural M, 1990, Materials Science, Anuradha Agencies & Publishers
- 3. Manchandra. V.K, 1992, *a Text Book of Materials Science*, New India Publishing House.
- 4. William D. Calister, Fundamentals of Material Science & Engineering, Jr. John William & sons Inc, 2001.

Academic Council 2017	7-2018	Physics
II – M.Sc (Physics)	ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTATION	EPPH1015
SEMESTER - IV		HRS/WK - 5
	For the students admitted in the	
ELECTIVE- 5	year 2008	CREDIT – 4

Objectives

- To understand the various transducers.
- To study digital instrumentation methods.
- ✤ To know the analytical instrumentation techniques.
- To study the bio medical instrumentation.
- To learn computer peripherals

UNIT-I: TRANSDUCERS

Classification of transducers –Principle, construction and working of Thermistor, LVDT, Electrical strain gauges and capacitive transducers - Measurement of non – electrical quantities –strain, Displacement, temperature, pressure and force.

UNIT-II: DIGITAL INSTRUMENTATION

Principle, block diagram and working of Digital frequency counter. Digital multimeter, digital pH meter, digital conductivity meter and digital storage oscilloscope.

UNIT-III: ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTATION

Principle ,block diagram , description ,working and application of UV-VIS Spectrometer, IR spectrometer, Flame emission spectrometer and ICP-AES Spectrometer – Basic concept of gas and liquid chromatography.

UNIT-IV BIO – MEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION (15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

(15 Hours)

Physiological transducers to measure blood pressure, body temperature. Source of Bio- electric potentials – resting potential action potential, bio-potential, block diagram and operation of ECG an EEG –Records.

UNTI-V: COMPUTER PERIPHERALS

(15 Hours)

Printers – Printer mechanism – Classification - Dot matrix, Ink jet and Laser printer.Basic concept of key board and mouse - Mass data storage - floppy disk – Hard Disk -Operation Dick(CD) - Pen drive (thumb drive).

Physics

- 2. Ramambhadran S, *Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation*, Khanna Publications.1986
- 3. Dhir S.M, Electronics and instrumentation, Khanna Publications. 2009
- 4. Khandpur, Hand Book of Biomedical Instrumentation, TMH. Publications.

- 1. Gromwell L, *Bio medical instrumentation and measurement*, Prentice Hall.2010
- 2. John R. Cameran and James G. Skofronick, 1978, *Medical physics*, John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Aplen E.L, 1990, Radiation Physics, Prentice Hall.

Physics

II – M.Sc (Physics)		
SEMESTER - IV	ASTRONOMY AND ASTROPHYSICS	HRS/WK - 5
ELECTIVE – 5A		CREDIT - 4

Objectives

- To understand the principles of relativity.
- To know the different frame works of relativity.
- To study the Einstein's equation and its solutions.
- To have knowledge of cosmological models
- ✤ To explore the thermal history of the universe.

UNIT I PRINCIPLES OF RELATIVITY

(15 Hours)

Overview of Special Relativity, space time diagrams, Lorentz metric, light cones, electrodynamics in 4 dimensional language. Introduction to general relativity (GR), equivalence principle, gravitation as a manifestation of the curvature of space time.

UNIT II GEOMETRICAL FRAMEWORK OF GENERAL RELATIVITY (15 Hours)

Curved spaces, tensor algebra, metric, affine connection, covariant derivatives, physics in curved space time, curvature - Riemann tensor, Bianchi identities, action principle, Einstein's field equations, energy momentum tensors, energy-momentum tensor for a perfect fluid, connection with Newton's theory.

UNIT III SOLUTIONS TO EINSTEIN'S EQUATIONS AND THEIR PROPERTIES

(15 Hours)

Spherical symmetry, derivation of the Schwarzschild solution, test particle orbits for massive and massless particles. The three classical tests of GR, blackholes, event horizon - one way membranes, gravitational waves.

UNIT IV COSMOLOGICAL MODELS

(15 Hours)

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Physics

Cosmological principle, Robertson-Walker metric, cosmological redshift, Hubble's law, observable quantities - luminosity and angular diameter distances, dynamics of Friedmann-Robertson- Walker models: Solutions of Einstein's equations for closed, open and flat universes.

UNIT V PHYSICAL COSMOLOGY AND THE EARLY UNIVERSE (15 Hours)

Thermal history of the universe: Temperature-redshift relation, distribution functions in the early universe - relativistic and non-relativistic limits. Decoupling of neutrinos and the relic neutrino background - nucleosynthesis - decoupling of matter and radiation; cosmic microwave background radiation - inflation - origin and growth of density perturbations.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. General Relativity and Cosmology, J. V. Narlikar, Delhi: Macmillan Company of India Ltd. 1977
- 2. Classical Theory of Fields, Vol. 2, L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, Oxford : Pergamon Press. 1971
- 3. First Course in General Relativity, B. F. Schutz, Cambridge University Press. 2009
- 4. Introduction to Cosmology, J. V. Narlikar, Cambridge University Press. 2002
- 5. Structure Formation in the Universe. T. Padmanabhan, Cambridge University Press.1993

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Telescopes and Techniques, C.R.Kitchin, Springer. 2014
- 2. Observational Astrophysics, R.C. Smith, Cambridge University Press. 1995
- 3. Detection of Light: from the Ultraviolet to the Submillimetre, G. H. Rieke, Cambridge University Press. 1995
- 4. Astronomical Observations, G. Walker, Cambridge University Press. 1987
- 5. Astronomical Photometry, A.A. Henden & R.H. Kaitchuk, Willmann-Bell. 1990
- 6. Electronic Imaging in Astronomy, I.S. McLean, Wiley-Praxis. 1997
- 7. An Introduction to Radio Astronomy, B. F. Burke & Francis Graham-Smith, Cambridge University Press. 2010
- 8. Radio Astronomy, John D. Kraus, Cygnus-Quasar Books.1986
- St. Joseph's College of Arts & Science (Autonomous), Cuddalore-1

Academic Council 2017-2018		Physics
II – M.Sc (Physics)	SCIENTIFIC ANALYSIS	JPPH1018
SEMESTER - IV		
Skill Based subject		CREDIT – 1

Any One Unit Out Of Ten (Problems only) Online mode of Examination.

UNIT-I. Mathematical Methods of Physics

Dimensional analysis. Vector algebra and vector calculus. Linear algebra, matrices, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Linear ordinary differential equations of first & second order, Special functions (Hermite, Bessel, Laguerre and Legendre functions). Fourier series, Fourier and Laplace transforms. Elements of complex analysis, analytic functions; Taylor & Laurent series; poles, residues and evaluation of integrals. Elementary probability theory, random variables, binomial, Poisson and normal distributions. Central limit theorem. Green's function. Partial differential equations (Laplace, wave and heat equations in two and three dimensions). Elements of computational techniques: root of functions, interpolation, extrapolation, and integration by trapezoid and Simpson's rule, Solution of first order differential equation using Runge-Kutta method. Finite difference methods. Tensors. Introductory group theory: SU (2), O (3).

UNIT-II. Classical Mechanics

Newton's laws. Dynamical systems, Phase space dynamics, stability analysis. Central force motions. Two body Collisions - scattering in laboratory and Centre of mass frames. Rigid body dynamics- moment of inertia tensor. Non-inertial frames and pseudo forces. Variational principle. Generalized coordinates. Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formalism and equations of motion. Conservation laws and cyclic coordinates. Periodic motion: small oscillations, normal modes. Special theory of relativity- Lorentz transformations, relativistic kinematics and mass-energy equivalence. Dynamical systems, Phase space dynamics, stability analysis. Poisson brackets and canonical transformations. Symmetry, invariance and Noether's theorem. Hamilton-Jacobi theory.

UNIT-III. Electromagnetic Theory

Electrostatics: Gauss's law and its applications, Laplace and Poisson equations, boundary value problems. Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart law, Ampere's theorem. Electromagnetic induction. Maxwell's equations in free space and linear isotropic media; boundary conditions on the fields at interfaces. Scalar and vector potentials, gauge invariance. Electromagnetic waves in free space. Dielectrics and conductors. Reflection and refraction, polarization, Fresnel's law, interference, coherence, and diffraction. Dynamics of charged particles in static and uniform electromagnetic fields. Dispersion relations in plasma. Lorentz invariance of

Maxwell's equation. Transmission lines and wave guides. Radiation- from moving charges and dipoles and retarded potentials.

UNIT-IV. Quantum Mechanics

Wave-particle duality. Schrödinger equation (time-dependent and timeindependent). Eigenvalue problems (particle in a box, harmonic oscillator, etc.). Tunneling through a barrier. Wave-function in coordinate and momentum representations. Commutators and Heisenberg uncertainty principle. Dirac notation for state vectors. Motion in a central potential: orbital angular momentum, angular momentum algebra, spin, addition of angular momenta; Hydrogen atom. Stern-Gerlach experiment. Time-independent perturbation theory and applications. Variational method. Time dependent perturbation theory and Fermi's golden rule, selection rules. Identical particles, Pauli Exclusion Principle, spin-statistics connection. Spin-orbit coupling, fine structure. WKB approximation. Elementary theory of scattering: phase shifts, partial waves, Born approximation. Relativistic quantum mechanics: Klein-Gordon and Dirac equations. Semi-classical theory of radiation.

UNIT-V. Thermodynamic and Statistical Physics

Laws of thermodynamics and their consequences. Thermodynamic potentials, Maxwell relations, chemical potential, phase equilibria. Phase space, micro- and macro-states. Micro-canonical, canonical and grand-canonical ensembles and partition functions. Free energy and its connection with thermodynamic quantities. Classical and quantum statistics. Ideal Bose and Fermi gases. Principle of detailed balance. Blackbody radiation and Planck's distribution law. First- and second-order phase transitions. Diamagnetism, paramagnetism, and ferromagnetism. Ising model. Bose-Einstein condensation. Diffusion equation. Random walk and Brownian motion. Introduction to non-equilibrium processes.

UNIT-VI. Electronics and Experimental Methods

Semiconductor devices (diodes, junctions, transistors, field effect devices, homoand hetero-junction devices), device structure, device characteristics, frequency dependence and applications. Opto-electronic devices (solar cells, photodetectors, LEDs). Operational amplifiers and their applications. Digital techniques and applications (registers, counters, comparators and similar circuits). A/D and D/A converters. Microprocessor and microcontroller basics. Data interpretation and analysis. Precision and accuracy. Error analysis, propagation of errors. Least squares fitting, Linear and nonlinear curve fitting, chi-square test. Transducers (temperature, pressure/vacuum, magnetic fields,

vibration, optical, and particle detectors). Measurement and control. Signal conditioning and recovery. Impedance matching, amplification (Op-amp based, instrumentation amp, feedback), filtering and noise reduction, shielding and

Physics

grounding. Fourier transforms, lock-in detector, box-car integrator, modulation techniques. High frequency devices (including generators and detectors).

UNIT-VII. Atomic & Molecular Physics

Quantum states of an electron in an atom. Electron spin. Spectrum of helium and alkali atom. Relativistic corrections for energy levels of hydrogen atom, hyperfine structure and isotopic shift, width of spectrum lines, LS & JJ couplings. Zeeman, Paschen-Bach & Stark effects. Electron spin resonance. Nuclear magnetic resonance, chemical shift. Frank-Condon principle. Born-Oppenheimer approximation. Electronic, rotational, vibrational and Raman spectra of diatomic molecules, selection rules. Lasers: spontaneous and stimulated emission, Einstein A & B coefficients. Optical pumping, population inversion, rate equation. Modes of resonators and coherence length.

UNIT-VIII. Condensed Matter Physics

Bravais lattices. Reciprocal lattice. Diffraction and the structure factor. Bonding of solids. Elastic properties, phonons, lattice specific heat. Free electron theory and electronic specific heat. Response and relaxation phenomena. Drude model of electrical and thermal conductivity. Hall effect and thermoelectric power. Electron motion in a periodic potential, band theory of solids: metals, insulators and semiconductors. Superconductivity: type-I and type-II superconductors. Josephson junctions. Superfluidity. Defects and dislocations. Ordered phases of matter: translational and orientational order, kinds of liquid crystalline order. Quasi crystals.

UNIT-IX. Nuclear and Particle Physics

Basic nuclear properties: size, shape and charge distribution, spin and parity. Binding energy, semi-empirical mass formula, liquid drop model. Nature of the nuclear force, form of nucleon-nucleon potential, charge-independence and charge-symmetry of nuclear forces. Deuteron problem. Evidence of shell structure, single-particle shell model, its validity and limitations. Rotational spectra. Elementary ideas of alpha, beta and gamma decays and their selection rules. Fission and fusion. Nuclear reactions, reaction mechanism, compound nuclei and direct reactions. Classification of fundamental forces. Elementary particles and their quantum numbers (charge, spin, parity, isospin, strangeness, etc.). Gellmann-Nishijima formula. Quark model, baryons and mesons. C, P, and T invariance. Application of symmetry arguments to particle reactions. Parity nonconservation in weak interaction. Relativistic kinematics.

THEORY EXAMINATION

Question Paper Pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal	Examinations	15 marks
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Assignment / Seminar 10 marks

Total

25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern - UG & PG

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Section – A (10 X 2 = 20)

(Answer ALL the questions)

(Two questions from each Unit)

Section – B (5 X 5 = 25)

(Answer all the questions)

(One question from each Unit; either or pattern and any one of the questions will be a problem; both part)

Section C (3 X 10 = 30)

(Answer any Three Questions out of five)

(One Question from each unit and it may have subdivisions may contain problems also)

PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (40 marks)

Based on the periodical evaluation of record and experiments assessed by the staff in charge

External Examination (60 marks)

4 Hrs. Exam

Total Marks: 60

1. Experiment

5 Marks 5 Marks

50 Marks

3. Record

2. Viva

Illustration: M.Phil CURRICULUM GRADE STATEMENT

Semester &Course	Course number/ Code	Credits earned	Marks secured (Max:100)
First Semester			

St. Joseph's College of Arts & Science (Autonomous), Cuddalore-1

		1 Hysics
Core	5	70
Core	5	60
Elective	5	75
Grade point total		
Weight average total	15	68.33
Second Semester		
Dissertation & Viva		
voce	21	64
Grade point total		
Weight average total	21	64
Cumulative grade point average		
36		65.81
Overall weighted percentage marks		

Question paper pattern (Semester)

Internal – 25 Marks

External – 75 Marks

Section A (5×15=75 marks)

(Answer Any 5 out of 8)

Academic Council 2017-2018		Physics
YEAR- I		MPH101
	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	
SEMESTER –I		Hrs / Week: 7
	For the students admitted in the year 2014	
Core: I		Credit: 5

PART-1 CORE COURSE-1

UNIT-I: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Meaning of research - Objectives of research - Motivation of research - Types, Approaches and Significance - Method Versus Methodology - Research in Scientific methods - Research Process - Criteria for Good Research - Problem Encountered by Research in India. Research Problem - Selecting the problem -Necessity of defining the problem - Techniques involved in Defining the problem - Research Design - Needs and Features of Good Design - Different Research Design - Basic Principles of Experimental Design - Funding Agencies.

UNIT-II: THESIS WRITING

Meaning of Research Report-Logical Format for Writing Thesis and Paper-Essential of Scientific Report: Abstracts, Introduction, Review of Literature, Material and Method and Discussion-Write Up steps in drafting report- effective illustrations: Tables and figures- Reference styles: Harvard and Vancouver systems-synopsis writing-overhead projector presentation-power point presentation.

UNIT- III: ERRORS AND APPROXIMATIONS

Statistical analysis of data-Mean meridian, mode and Standard Deviation -Correlation - Comparison of sets of data- Chi Squared analysis for data -Characteristics of probability Distribution - Binomial, Poisson and Normal Distribution- Principle of Least Square Fitting - Curve fitting - theory of Errors -Types and Sources of Errors - Errors and residue.

UNIT-IV: NUMERICAL METHODS

Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation formula-Numerical integration by Trapezoidal &Simpson' one third rule-Taylor series .Differential equation method.

UNIT-V: COMPUTER BASED DATA ANALYSIS

Origin 8-Data analysis and Graphing workspace-Workbook-Worksheet& Worksheets column-Importing and Exporting data-Graphing: Customizing and Formatting the graph-Fitting analysis-Introduction to MATLAB. Introduction to Gaussian method-Quantum analysis-Ab initio approximation method.

Reference books:

- 1. Research Methodology, Methods And Techniques- C. R. Korthari-Wishwa Prakasam Publications, II Edition.2004
- 2. A Handbook of Methodology of Research Rajammal P.A. Devadass-Vidyalaya Press.2011
- 3. Thesis and assignment writing- Anderson- Wiley Eastern Ltd.1998
- 4. Statistical Methods- S. P. Gupta 2007
- 5. Numerical methods-P.K and asamy, K.Thilagavathi&K.Gunavathi 1985
- 6. Numerical methods –B.D.Guptha 2013
- 7. Numerical methods-Rajaram. 2013
- 8. Alan Hinchliffe, Molecular Modelling for Beginners, Second Edition, the university of mancheste, 2008, johnwiley & sons Ltd.
- 9. Andrew R.leach Molecular Modelling, principle Applications. Pearson Education Limited 1996, 2001.

Academic Council 2017-2018		Physics
YEAR- I	ADVANCED PHYSICS-I	MPH102
SEMESTER -I	For the students admitted in the	Hrs / Week: 7
Core: II	year 2014.	Credit: 5

PART I CORE COURSE II

UNIT-I QUANTUM MECHANICS

Second Quantization of Schrodinger and Klein –Gordon fields- creation and annihilation operators- Communication relations- second Quantization of Dirac field- covariant and anti-communication relation for Dirac field.

UNIT – II NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS

Compound nucleus and statistical theory- experimental evidence- statistical assumption – average cross section- angular distribution- transmission coefficients- level density- decay of the statically compound nucleus- emission of charged particles. Symmetries and conservation laws – Gell Mann Nishijima formula – CPT invariance – Quark model.

UNIT - III: SOLID STATE PHYSICS

Types of bonds in crystals-Ionic, Valence, Metallic, Vander Waals and hydrogen bonding-Band structure theory – Band structure for some semiconductors – Semiconductor transport theory – Basis of continuity equation – Kronig penny model -Theory of generation and recombination – theory of PN junction – solar cells – Ionic conductivity – Normal and super ionic conductors – Application of super ionic solids - Fuel cells, Electro chromic display.

UNIT – IV: DIELECTRIC STUDIES

Physics

Basic concepts of dielectrics: static fields –Time dependent fields – Static dielectric constant: Dipolar interaction – dipolar molecules in gases and dilute solutions – Onsager equation – Debye equations – Dielectric relaxation and loss – Distribution of relaxation time – Complex plane diagrams – Cole- Cole, Cole-Davidson plots.

UNIT – V: NON-LINEAR AND MOLECULAR MECHANICS

Basis of nonlinearity – Linear and nonlinear oscillators – Autonomous and nonautonomous system – Dynamical systems. The energy calculations – Energy minimization – Force field paramertization – Conformation analysis – Solvation – Monte Carlo methods – Molecular dynamics – Free energy calculation.

Reference books:

- 1. Advanced Quantum Mechanics Sathyaprakash 2004
- 2. Physics of the Nucleus M.A. Preston Addison Wesley 1962
- 3. Elementary Particles D. Griffiths.2010
- 4. Nonlinear dynamics M. Lakshmanan and S. Rajesekar Springer International 2003
- 5. Super ionic solids S. Chandra North Holland Publishing Company Ltd. 1981
- 6. Theory of Dielectrics H. Frohlich Oxford University Press
- 7. Solid state physics by Sexena & Gupta Sexena
- 8. Lasers & Non linear optics, B.B.Laud-New age International pvt. Ltd, 2nd ed. 2009