ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

CUDDALORE-1



PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

UG - SYLLABUS 2017-2018

B.Sc. CHEMISTRY

Semester	Code	Part	Course Title	Hours	Credit
	LT101T/LH101S/LF101	Ι	Tamil-I / Hindi-I / French-I	4	3
	LE101T	II	Communicative English - I	4	3
	CH101T	III	Organic Chemistry-I	4	3
	CH102Q	III	Kinetic Theory of Gas and	4	2
т			Chemical Kinetics	4	3
Ι	CHP201S			3	2
	Analysis		3	2	
	AMT101	III	Allied Mathematics-I	8	5
	VE101T	IV	SEC- Value education	3	2
			Total	30	21
	LT202T/LH202S/LF202	Ι	Tamil-II / Hindi-II / French-II	4	3
	LE202T	II	Communicative English - II	4	3
	CH203T	III	Inorganic Chemistry-I	4	3
	CH204Q	III	Analytical Chemistry-I	4	3
II	CHP202	III	Practical-Inorganic Qualitative	3	2
			Analysis and Preparations	3	2
	AMT202S	III	Allied Mathematics-II	8	5
	EPB201T	IV	SEC- Dynamics Of Personality	3	2
			Total	30	21
	LT303T/LH303S/LF303	Ι	Tamil-III / Hindi-III / French-III	4	3
	LE303S	II	Communicative English - III	4	3
	CH305T	III	Inorganic Chemistry-II	4	4
	CH306S	III	Analytical Chemistry-II	4	4
III	CHP403	III	*Practical-Qualitative Organic	3	2
111			Analysis	3	Z
	APH301S	III	Allied Physics	5	3
	APHP301	III	Practical-Allied Physics Practical	3	2
	AOCT301	IV	Food processing technology	3	4
			Total	30	25
	LT404T/LH404S/LF404	Ι	Tamil-IV / Hindi-IV / French-IV	4	3
	LE404S	II	Communicative English - IV	4	3
	CH407S	III	Organic Chemistry -II	4	4
	CH408T	III	Introduction To Molecular	4	4
			Structure		
IV	CHP404	III	Practical-Physical Methods	3	2
	ACCH401S	III	Allied Computer in Chemistry	5	3
	ACCHP401	III	Allied practical - Computers in	3	2
			Chemistry		
	EVS401	IV	Environmental Science	3	2
			Total	30	23
V	CH509T	III	Organic Chemistry-III	4	3
*	CH510T	III	Inorganic Chemistry-III	4	3

CURRICULUM DESIGN TEMPLATE FROM 2017-2018

	CH511S	III	Equilibrium Thermodynamics of Gaseous Systems	4	3
	ECH512 ECH512A	III	Elective Paper-I 1.Analytical Techniques 2. Forensic Chemistry	4	5
	ECH513 ECH513A	III	Elective Paper – II 1. Chemistry of Industrial Products 2. Food Chemistry	4	5
	CHP505S	III	Practical - Physical Chemistry Practical	3	2
	CHP506	III	Practical-Gravimetric Estimation Practical	4	2
	CHP507S	III	Practical – Analytical Chemistry Practical	3	2
			Total	30	25
	CH614T	III	Organic Chemistry-IV	4	3
	CH615S	III	Inorganic Chemistry-IV	4	3
	CH616S	III	Thermodynamics of Ideal and non- ideal solutions	4	3
VI	ECH617T ECH617A	III	Elective Paper – III 1. Medicinal Chemistry 2. Agricultural Chemistry	4	5
	ECH618 ECH618A	III	Elective Paper – IV 1. Polymer Chemistry 2. Green Chemistry	4	5
	JCH601	III	Project Work	10	4
			Total	30	23
	EU601	V	Extension Activities		2
			TOTAL CREDITS	180	140

*End of the Academic Year

Semester	Code	Class	Part	Course Title	Hours	Credit
T	ACH101T	B.Sc. (Biochem)	III	Allied Chemistry – I	5	3
1	ACHP101	B.Sc. (Biochem)	III	Practical - Allied Chemistry Practical - I	3	2
II	ACH202T	B.Sc. (Biochem)	III	Analytical Chemistry	5	3
11	ACHP202S	B.Sc. (Biochem)	III	Practical - Allied Chemistry Practical - II	3	2
III	ACH301S	B.Sc. (Physics)	III	Allied Chemistry for Physics	5	3
111	ACHP301	B.Sc. (Physics)	III	Allied Chemistry Practical	3	2

Courses Offered to other Departments

I B.Sc (CH)	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – I
SEMESTER – I	
CORE - 1	For the students admitted in the year 2014

Objectives:

CII

- To understand the basic properties of organic compounds
- To know the method of naming organic compounds
- To learn various methods of preparation of hydrocarbons
- To understand the mechanism of reactions of hydrocarbons
- To understand the stereochemistry of aliphatic Hydrocarbons

UNIT – I: BASIC CONCEPTS

- 1.1 IUPAC nomenclature of organic compounds- naming of simple organic Molecules , practicing line formula for organic molecules
- 1.2 Geometry of molecules Hybridisation sp³, sp², sp with examples.
- 1.3 Cleavage of Bonds Homolytic and heterolytic cleavage.
- 1.4 Bond energy, Bond length and Bond angle.
- 1.5 Electron displacement effects inductive, inductomeric, electromeric, resonance, hyperconjugation and steric effects.
- 1.6 Reactive Intermediates: Carbocations, Carbanions, Carbenes and free radicals.

UNIT – II : ALKANES & CYCLOALKANES

- 2.1 Alkanes methods of preparation: Wurtz reaction, hydrogenation of alkenes, hydrolysis of Grignard reagents, Kolbe's method. Physical and Chemical properties of alkanes.
- 2.2 Cycloalkanes Preparation using Wurtz's reaction Dieckmann's ring closure and reduction of aromatic hydrocarbons.
- 2.3 Substitution and ring opening reactions of cycloalkanes.
- 2.4 Bayer's strain theory and theory of strain less rings.

UNIT – III: ALKENES

- 3.1 Alkene Nomenclature structure and bonding Isomerism in Alkenes properties stability.
- 3.2 Preparation of Alkenes Elimination reactions: Dehydration of Alcohols, Dehydrohalogenation of Alkyl halides. E1 and E2 mechanism. Hofmann and Saytzeff's rules Problems related to these mechanism.
- 3.3 Addition reactions of Alkenes: Hydrogenation, Halogenation, Hydrohalogenation mechanisms Markovnikov's rule and Anti Markovnikov's rule. Mechanism of Hydration, Hydroboration, Ozonolysis, Hydroxylation with KMnO₄. Self-addition. Polymerization of Ethylene and Propylene problems.

UNIT – IV: ALKYNES AND DIENES

- 4.1 Alkynes Sources of Alkynes Nomenclature acidity of alkynes addition reactions hydrogenation, Hydrohalogenation, Hydration with HgSO₄
- 4.2 Preparation of Alkynes by elimination reactions, Ozonolysis of alkynes Alkylation of alkynes using acetylides.

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[12 Hrs]

CH101T HRS/WK – 4 CREDIT - 3

- 4.3 Dienes preparation of dienes, classes of dienes conjugated, isolated and cumulative stability of dienes addition of hydrogen halides & halogens to conjugated dienes Polymerization of dienes- Diels-Alder reaction Problems
- 4.4 Allenes preparation and structure.

UNIT - V: STEREOCHEMISTRY - I

[12 Hrs]

- 1.1 Conformational isomerism: Conformers, Dihedral angle, torsional strain.
- 1.2 Conformational analysis of ethane and n-butane,
- 1.3 Geometrical isomerism: Cis trans, syn-anti and E-Z notations, Methods of distinguishing geometrical isomers using melting point, dipole moment, dehydration, cyclization and heat of hydrogenation.

Text Books:

- 1. Francis A.Carey, Organic Chemistry- Tata McGraw Hill-1999.
- 2. Seyhan Ege- Organic Chemistry-A.I.T.B.S Publishers-1999.

Reference Books:

- 1. Ahluwalia and Parassar- Organic Reaction mechanisms, Narosa Publishers.2004.
- 2. Bahl & Arun Bahl- Advanced Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand-1996.
- 3. Paula Yurkanis Bruice Organic Chemistry, Prentice Hall- 1999.
- 4. E.L. Eliel and S.H.Wilers , Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds , John Wiley and sons , 2004.
- 5. P.S.Kalsi, Stereochemistry: Conformation and Mechanism, Wiley Eastern Ltd -2007.

I B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER – I
CORE - 1

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – I For the students admitted in the year 2014

CH101T
HRS/WK – 4
CREDIT - 3

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A ($20 \times 1 = 20$) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blanks	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

SECTION -B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any **Ten** out of **Twelve**

SECTION -C (5 x 7 = 35)

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain a maximum of two subdivisions)

KINETIC THEORY OF GAS AND CHEMICAL KINETICS For the students admitted in the year 2014

Objectives:

- To study about SI units and unit conversion. To study about the laws governing the gaseous state
- To impart the knowledge on Chemical kinetics.

UNIT - I

- 1.1 Dimensions of units and its conversion.
- The perfect gas equation of state Boyle's law, Charle's law and Avogadro's principle. 1.2
- Real gas equation -critical temperature compression factor Virial equations of state -1.3 Vanderwaals equation of state- Boyle temperature - joule -Thomson effect- Linde refrigerator (Pages 12 - 34)

UNIT – II

- 2.1 Kinetic model of gases laws from the kinetic gas equation Kinds of speed mean, rms, most probable velocities. Maxwell's distribution of molecular speeds -Variation with temperature and molar mass.
- 2.2 Combined gas equation- Standard temperature and pressure.
- Mixture of gases: partial pressures- Dalton's law. 2.3
- 2.4 Diffusion and effusion-Molecular collisions. [Pages 17-34]

UNIT - III

- 3.1 Concept of equilibrium- law of mass action relationship between Kp&Kc effect of concentration, pressure, partial pressure, temperature & volume - Le Chatlier's principle
- adsorption terminologies Gibbs adsorption isotherm Friendlich Langmiur BET 3.2 theory – adsorption isotherms – applications of adsorption

UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Concepts of reaction rates- rate and units of rate of a reaction- dependence of rate on concentration- rate expression and rate constant- order and molecularity.
- Integrated rate equations-zero order, first order, pseudo first order reaction-half-life of a 4.2 reaction - temperature dependence of the rate of a reaction- effect of catalyst.

UNIT - V

- Solutions- types of solutions- concentration units of solutions- ideal and non-ideal 5.1 solutions.
- 5.2 Colloids- various types of classification - emulsions-applications of colloids.
- Meso phases and disperse systems liquid crystals- classification- surface, structure and 5.3 stability- electrical double layer.(403-407)

Text Books

1. P.W. Atkins.Elements of Physical chemistry. Oxford university Press.3rd edition.1990.

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

CH102Q HRS/WK – 4 CREDIT -3

I B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER – I
CORE-2

[12 Hrs]

2. Puri and Sharma. Principles of physical chemistry. 4^{0th} edition.2003

Reference Book:

 Arun Bahl, B.S.Bahl and G.D. Tuli . Essentials of Physical Chemistry. 26th edition (revised multicolour). 2009

I B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER – I
CORE-2

CH102Q HRS/WK – 4 CREDIT – 3

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A $(15 \times 1 = 15)$ Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer $(10 \ge 1 = 10)$ II. Match the following $(05 \ge 1 = 5)$

SECTION -B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve (Conceptual descriptive and Problem solving type)

SECTION -C (5 x 8 = 40) Answer Five out of Seven (May contain sub divisions) (Conceptual descriptive and Problem solving type)

I B.Sc (BC)ALLIED CHEMISTRY - ISEMESTER - IFor the students admitted in the year 2014

Objectives:

- To introduce basic concepts of co-ordination chemistry & chemical bonding.
- To know about the mechanism of aromatic electrophilic substitution.
- To study the important concepts of electro chemistry & thermodynamics
- To learn the various quantitative measurements.
- To understand the pharmaceutical & petrochemical reactions

UNIT – I: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

- 1.1 Chemical bonding –Types of Bonding-Bonding in Carbohydrates and Proteins-Structure of Amino acids-Zwitter ion-Isoelectric Point Structure of Proteins.
- 1.2 Stereoisomerism Types, causes of optical activity of Lactic Acid & Tartaric acid Racemisation Resolution, Geometrical isomerism Maleic acid &Fumaric acid.
- 1.3 Oxidation-Reduction reactions- selectivity in Oxidation and Reduction reactions.

UNIT – II: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

- 2.1 Co-Ordination Chemistry: Definition of terms used-classification of ligands-Werner's theory
- 2.2 Biochemistryof iron--Heme proteins-Nature of Heme-Dioxygen Binding-Iron storage and Transport- Structure and function of haemoglobin, myoglobin.
- 2.3 BioChemistry of other metals- Zn-CarboxypeptidaseA, Carbonic anhydrase Mg-chlorophyll.Co-VitaminB_{12}

UNIT – III: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

- 3.1 Thermochemistry-Units of Energy changes-Exothermic and Endothermic reactions-Heat of reaction- Different types of heat of reaction
- 3.2 IonicEquilibria-pH scale-Buffer solution-Types of Buffer Solution-Calculation of pH values of Buffer mixtures-Henderson equation
- 3.3 Acid-Basecatalysis-Bronsted relation-Enzyme catalysis-Michales-Menton equation-Influence of pH and temperature

· **1**....

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

ACH101T HRS/WK – 5 CREDIT – 3

1. J. D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 5th edition, Blackwell science, London 1996.

- 2. P. S. Kalsi. Organic Reaction stereochemistry & Mechanism. 4th edition. New Age International publishers. 2006.
- 3. Puri and Sharma. Principles of physical chemistry. 40th edition.2003
- 4. I. L. Finar, Organic chemistry, 6th edition, ELBS, 1990

UNIT – IV: PHARMACEUTICALCHEMISTRY

- 5. G.R.Chatwal,Pharmaceutical Chemistry Organic (vol II), Himalaya Publishing House, Second Revised Edition 1997
- 6. Polymer Science, V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan and J. Sreedhar, Wiley Eastern
- 7. J.Rajaram and J.C.Kuriacose, Thermodynamics For Students of Chemistry, Lal Nagin Chand, New Delhi, 3rd edition, 1986.

Reference Books:

- 1. F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson, C. Murillo and M. Bochman, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 6th edition, John wiley, New York 1999.
- 2. Text book of Polymer Science, F.W. Billmeyer Jr, Wiley
- 3. J.E. Huheey, Inorganic Chemistry, 5th Edn., Harper International.1993.
- 4. Raj.K. Bansal, Organic Reaction Mechanism, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1998

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

5.1 Macromolecules-Classification of Polymers-Chemistry of polymerization-Addition

role-Human Gene therapy- Animal and Synthetic Biotechnology

 5.2 Polymerisation-Condensation Polymerisation-Coordination Polymerisation-Dendrimers-Biopolymers

Developement of NewDrugs-Drug and Disease-Structure and activity-Additives and their

Mode of action and uses of sulpha drugs - Prontosil, sulphadiazine and sulphafurazole. Definition and one example of analgesics, antipyretics, transquilizers, sedatives, local and

5.3 Bio fuels-First generation of Bio fuels-Second generation of Bio fuels-Sustainable Bio Fuels-Calorific value of food and fat.

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general anaesthetics.

UNIT - V: APPLIED CHEMISTRY

4.1

4.2

Text Books:

THEORY EXAMINATION

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) 25marks

1.Two Internal Examinations 2. Assignment/ Seminar 3. Attendance Total

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

SECTION – A (20 x 1 = 20) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blaks	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

SECTION -B $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION -C (5 x 7 = 35)

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

13

Max. Marks: 75

10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

ACH101T HRS/WK – 5 CREDIT – 3

I B.Sc (BC)	ALLIED CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL - I	ACHP101
SEMESTER – I		HRS/WK – 3
ALLIED PRACTICAL-I	For the students admitted in the year 2011	CREDIT – 2

QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS OF AN ORGANIC COMPOUND

- 1. Systematic Analysis of an Organic Compound Containing one functional Group and Characterisation by Confirmatory Tests
- 2. Reactions of Aldehyde (Aliphatic & Aromatic), Carbohydrate, (Reducing & Non-Reducing sugar), Carboxylic Acid (Mono & Di), Phenol (Mono & Dihydric), Primary amine, Amide (Mono & Di).

Reference Books:

- 1. A.O. Thomas, Practical chemistry- Scientific Book Center.
- 2. Vogel, Text book of chemical analysis, Longman.
- 3. S. Sundaram, & S. Viswanathan, Practical chemistry, 3 Volumes.
- 4. Vogel, Text book of Practical Organic chemistry, Longman

Scheme of evaluation

Analysis	:	35 marks
1. Saturated/ Unsaturated	:	5 marks
2. Special elements	:	8 marks
3. Aromatic / Aliphatic	:	5 marks
4. Identification of functional group	:	8 marks
5. Confirmatory tests	:	7 marks
6. Preparation of derivative	:	6 marks
7. Systematic procedure	:	6 marks
Record	:	10 marks
Viva	:	5 marks
Total	:	60 marks

I B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER – II
CORE-3

CH203T	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT - 3	

Objectives:

- To know the arrangement of elements in the periodic table and the periodic properties.
- To identify the nature of chemical bond in a given inorganic compound
- To learn the shapes of various inorganic molecules.

UNIT – I: ATOMIC ORBITALS AND GENERAL PERIODIC PROPERTIES OF ELEMENTS [12 Hrs]

- 1.1 Atomic orbitals Shapes of s, p, d, f orbital. Hund's rule of maximum multiplicityapplications of Hund's rule- Aufbau principle - Pauli's exclusion principle - electronic configuration of elements - Stability of half-filled and completely filled orbitals classification of s, p, d and f block elements.
- 1.2 General periodic properties of elements Periodic table- IUPAC nomenclature of Inorganic compounds Atomic radii and ionic radii size ionization energies electron affinity oxidation states and variable valencies Inert pair effect electro negativity Pauling's and Mulliken scale- Alfred Rochow's scale.
- 1.3 Applications of electronegativities Calculation of partial ionic character of a covalent bond, Calculation of enthalpies of formation of compounds Calculation of bond length Explanation of diagonal relationship.

UNIT – II: CHEMISTRY OF ALKALI AND ALKALINE EARTH METALS [12 Hrs]

- 2.1 Chemistry of Alkali metals: Occurrence, comparative study of elements oxides, halides, hydroxides and carbonates. Exceptional properties of Li. diagonal-relationship of Li with Mg.
- 2.2 Chemistry of Alkaline earth metals: Comparative study of elements oxides hydroxides, halides, sulphates and carbonates. Exceptional properties of Be. Diagonal relationship of Be and Al. Comparison of alkali metals with alkaline earth metals. Mg acting as bridging element between II A & II B groups resemblance of Mg with Zn.
- 2.3 Hydrogen bonding Intra and Inter molecular hydrogen bonding properties of hydrogen bonded Nitrogen, Oxygen, Fluorine and sulphur compounds.

UNIT – III: CHEMISTRY OF P – BLOCK ELEMENTS - BORON FAMILY [12 Hrs]

- 3.1 Chemistry of p block elements Boron family- semi metals group discussion anomalous behavior of B diagonal relationship between B & Si electron deficiency & electron acceptor behavior of BX₃.
- 3.2 Boron hydrides Bonding in diborane, (VBT & MOT approach) Bonding in tetraborane. Borax, sodiumborate, sodiumtetraborate, or disodiumtetraborate - Boric acid.
- 3.3 Compounds of Boron with Nitrogen Borazole and Boron nitrides.

UNIT – IV: IONIC, COVALENT BONDING AND ACID- BASE CONCEPTS [12 Hrs]

4.1 Ionic Bond : Conditions for the formation of ionic bond – Radius ratio rules and its limitations – formation of NaCl – Hydration energy – Lattice energy and their applications – Born Haber cycle– General properties of ionic compounds.

- 4.2 Covalent bonding: Polarization and Fajan's rule, Effects of polarization, VBT- conditions for the formation of covalent bond orbital overlap– hybridization- sigma and pi bonds Characteristics of Covalent Compounds. Hannay smith equation.
- 4.3 Acid- Base concepts Lewis, Lowry-Bronsted, Luxflood, Usanovich concepts & HSAB approach.

UNIT – V: VSEPR THEORY AND MOLECULAR ORBITAL THEORY [12 Hrs]

- 5.1 VSEPR Theory: Molecular shapes predicted by Sidgwick's Powell theory Effect of lone pairs and Electronegativity Effects of bonding and lone pairs on bond angles. Geometries of ClF3, IF7, XeF6, BF4⁻, BO3³⁻, NH4⁺, I3⁻.
- 5.2 Molecular Orbital Theory: LCAO method, criteria of orbital overlap types of molecular orbitals sigma and pi molecular orbitals, combination of atomic orbital to give sigma and pi molecular orbitals and their schematic illustration.
- 5.3 Qualitative molecular energy level diagram of homo and hetero diatomic molecules H₂, N₂, O₂, CO, NO & HCl bond order and stability of molecules.

Text Books:

- 1. J.D. Lee, A New Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edn, ELBS, 1987.
- 2. R.D. Madan, Modern Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edn, Sulthan Chand Publications, 1988.

Reference Books:

- 1. F.A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 5th Edn., John Wiley. 1985.
- B. Douglas, D. McDaniel, J. Alexander, Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edn, John Wiley, 2001.
- 3. J.E. Huheey, Inorganic Chemistry, 5th Edn, Harper International. 1993.
- 4. D.F. Shriver, P.W. Atkins, C.H. Langford, 3rd Edn. Inorganic Chemistry, ELBS. 1999.
- 5. W.V.Mallik, G.D. Tuli, R.D. Madan, Selected topics in Inorganic Chemistry, 4rd Edn., Sulthan Chan Publications,1992.

I B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER – II
CORE-3

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I For the students admitted in the year 2014

CH203T	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT – 3	

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks **25 marks**

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A ($20 \times 1 = 20$) Answer all the Questions

I. multiple choice with only one correct option	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blanks	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20)

Answer any **Ten** out of **Fourteen** (Conceptual and descriptive type questions) (Not more than two questions from any unit)

> SECTION – C (5 x 7 = 35) Answer Five out of Eight (May contain two sub divisions) (Conceptual and descriptive type)

I B.Sc (CH) **SEMESTER – II CORE-IV**

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY-I For the students admitted in the year 2012

CH204T	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT – 3	

Objective:

- To study about error analysis.
- To understand the various concentration units and to know how to prepare solutions of • varying concentrations.
- To understand the basics of electronics •

UNIT – I

[12 Hrs] Theory of Errors - idea of significant figures and its importance with examples - Precision, Accuracy- methods of expressing accuracy - Error analysis - minimizing errors - method of expressing precision - average deviation - Standard deviation - Confidence limit.

UNIT – II

Definitions of Molality - Normality - Mole fraction and their calculations - Definition and examples for primary and secondary standards - Calculation of equivalent. Theories of acid base - Redox, complexometric and Iodometric titrations - Problems on Volumetric analysisstrengths of solutions – Theories of indicators – acid, base, redox, metal ion and adsorption indicators and choice of indicators.

UNIT – III

Chemical formulae and percentage composition - Determination of empirical Formulae - and molecular formulae. Laws of chemical combination: Law of conservation of mass - Law of constant composition - Law of multiple proportions - Law of reciprocal proportions - Gay Lussac's law of Gaseous volumes. Equivalent weights of Compounds -methods of determination of equivalent weights using hydrogen displacement method, oxide method, chloride method, metal displacement method - problems based on law of normalities for acid, Alkali titrations concept of double and back titrations.

UNIT – IV

Chemical Instrumentation: Elementary Electronics, Simple integrated circuit, Semiconductor, Power supply, transformer, Operational amplifier, Detectors (Oscilloscope and recorders), transducers, Rectifiers, Signal to noise ratio, Electronic components (Resistors, capacitors, inductors, transistors), Measuring instruments for pressure, temperature, current and voltage.

UNIT - V

Significant figures – Rounding off – addition – subtraction – multiplication – division using Significant figures - calculation of absolute error - Relative error - percentage error calculation of molarity - molality - mole fraction - normality - calculation of equivalent weight of acids, bases, salts, oxidising agents and reducing agents - problems on laws of chemical combination.

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

Text Books:

- 1. R.Gopalan, P.S.Subramanian, K.Rengarajan, S.Chand and sons (1997) Elements of Analytical Chemistry.
- 2. G. R. Chatwal, S. K. Anand Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis Himalaya Publishing House (2000)
- 3. B.K.Mehta, Rohit Mehta, Principle of electronics, 2004

Reference Books:

- 1. D.A. Skoog and D.M. West, Fundamental of Analytical Chemistry, International Edition, 7th Edition (1996), Saunders College Publishing, Philadelphia, Holt, London.
- 2. R.L. Pecsok, L.D. Shields, T. Cairns and L.C. Mc William, Modern Methods of Chemical Analysis, 2nd (1976), John Wiley & Sons, New York.

I B.Sc (CH)	
SEMESTER – II	
CORE-IV	

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY- I For the students admitted in the year 2012

CH204T HRS/WK – 4 CREDIT – 3

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A (15 x 1 = 15) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blaks	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

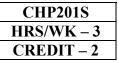
SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any **Ten** out of **Twelve**

SECTION $- C (5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

I B.Sc (CH)	
SEMESTER –I	
CORE PRACTICAL – I	



VOLUMETRIC ANALYSIS

UNIT-I TITRIMETRIC QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS

Estimation of HCl by NaOH using a standard oxalic acid solution Estimation of Na₂CO₃ by HCl using a standard Na₂CO₃ solution Estimation of Oxalic acid by KMnO₄ using a standard oxalic acid solution Estimation of Iron(II) Sulphate by KMnO₄ using a standard Mohr's salt solution Estimation of Iron(II) Sulphate by K₂Cr₂O₇ using a standard Mohr's salt solution Estimation of Copper(II) Sulphate by K₂Cr₂O₇ solution. Estimation of Magnesium(II) by EDTA solution.

UNIT – II

SOME APPLIED EXPERIMENTS

*Estimation of total Hardness of water

*Estimation of antacid

*Estimation of Bleaching powder

*Experiments will not be given for the examination

Reference Books:

- 1. Venkateswaran V, Veerasamy R., Kulandaivelu A.R.1997. Basic principles of Practical Chemistry. (2nd ed) New Delhi:Sultan chand & Sons
- 2. Basset.J.,et al.1985. Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, (4th ed) ELBS Longmann.

SCHEME OF EVALUATION:

Record	:	10 marks
Error upto 1%	:	50 marks
1% - 2%	:	40 marks
2 % - 3%	:	30 marks
3% - 4%	:	20 marks
Above 4%	:	5 marks
Total	:	60 marks

I B.Sc (CH)	INORGANIC QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS	CHP202
SEMESTER – I	AND PREPARATIONS	HRS/WK – 3
CORE PRACTICAL – II		CREDIT – 2

UNIT – I: SEMI – MICRO QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS

- 1. Analysis of simple acid radicals: Carbonate, Nitrate, Sulphate, Chloride
- 2. Analysis of interfering acid radicals: Fluoride, Oxalate, Borate, Phosphate
- 3. Elimination of interfering acid radicals and identifying the groups of the basic Radicals
- 4. Analysis of basic radicals (group-wise): Lead, Copper, Bismuth, Cadmium, Aluminium, Iron, Cobalt, Nickel, Manganese, Zinc, Barium, Calcium, Strontium.
- 5. Analysis of mixtures containing two cations and two anions (of which one is interfering)

UNIT – II: PREPARATION OF INORGANIC COMPOUNDS

- 1. TetrammineCopper(II) Sulphate
- 2. Tris(thiourea)Copper(I) Chloride
- 3. Ferrous Ammonium Sulphate
- 4. Microcosmic salt
- 5. Potassiumtrisoxalato ferrate (II)
- 6. Chloropentammine Cobalt(III) Chloride

Reference Books:

- 1. Inorganic Qualitative Analysis- V.V. Ramanujam
- 2. Practical Chemistry B.Sharma
- 3. Vogel, Text book of quantitative chemical analysis, 6th Ed, Prentice Hall, 2000.

SCHEME OF EVALUATION:

Salt Analysis	:	40 marks (10 marks for each radical)
Preparation	:	10 marks
Record	:	10 marks
Total	:	60 marks
	: :	

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY For the students admitted in the year 2014

UNIT – I: PURIFICATION TECHNIQUES

compounds- Crystallisation- Fractional crystallization- Sublimation-Purification of solid Purification of liquids- Experimental techniques of distillation- Fractional distillation- Vacuum distillation-Steam distillation

UNIT – II: SEPARATION TECHNIQUES

Chromatography-Types-Column chromatography-TLC-Ion Exchange Chromatography

UNIT – III: INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS

Polarography-Principle-Instrumentationb-Appilication of Polarography Cyclic voltammetry-Principle-Instrumentation-Application of CV Polarimetry-Principle-Instrumentationb-Application -Estimation of Glucose

UNIT – IV: SPECTROSCOPY

General features of spectroscopy-units

Rotational spectroscopy-the rotational energy levels of molecules-rotational transitions Vibrational spectroscopy - the vibrations of molecules -transitions-

UV-Visible Spectroscopy-Absorption Laws-Selection Rules-Types of Electronic transitions chromophore-Auxochrome-Absortion bands and Intensity.Woodwardfieser rules for calculating λ_{max} in Dienes and α,β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds.

UNIT - V: TECHNOLOGY OF WATER

[12 Hrs] Water quality parameters-Temporary and Permanent hardness-Estimation of hardness (EDTA method) - Water softening (Zeolite) - Demineralization (Ion Exchange) and desalination (RO)

Text Books:

- 1. R. Gopalan, P.S. Subramanian & K. Rangarajan, Elements of analytical chemistry, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2003.
- 2. G.R. Chatwal & S.K. Anand, Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, Sultan Chand & Sons, 1998
- 3. C. N. Banwell. 1966, Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, McGraw Hill.
- 4. S. S. Dara, "A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry" fifth revised edition (1996) S Chand company limited, New Delhi.

Reference Books:

- 1. A. Skoog and D. M. West, "Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry", International edition, seventh edition (1996), Saunders college publishing Philadelphia, Halt, London.
- 2. Y.R.Sharma Elementary Organic Spectroscopy Principles and Chemical Appilications S.Chand&Company Ltd; New Delhi4th Revised Edition(2007)

[12 Hrs]

ACH202T

HRS/WK – 5

CREDIT – 3

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

SEMESTER – II
ALLIED-II

I B.Sc (BC)
SEMESTER – II
ALLIED-II

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY For the students admitted in the year 2014

ACH202T HRS/WK – 5 CREDIT – 3

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks **25 marks**

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A (15 x 1 = 15) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blaks	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any **Ten** out of **Twelve**

SECTION $- C (5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

I B.Sc (BC)
SEMESTER – II
ALLIED
PRACTICAL – II

ALLIED CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL - II For the students admitted in the year 2011

- 1. Chromatography- TLC Analysis of Oils.
- 2. Colorimetry- Estimation of Iron.
- 3. Titrimetry- Estimation of Iron with KMnO₄ and K₂Cr₂O₇.
- 4. Analysis of water- Determination of hardness of water by complexometric titration.

Reference Books:

- 1. B.K. Sharma, Industrial chemistry, GOEL Publishers, 2004.
- 2. R. Morris, Shreve, J.A. Brink, Chemical Process Industry, Prentice Hill, 2000.
- 3. S. Sundaram, S. Viswanathan, Practical chemistry, 3 Volumes
- 4. Vogel, Quantitative Analysis, Longman.

Evaluation pattern

External = 60 marks

Toal	– 60 marks
Viva voce	- 10
Record	- 10
Volumetric	-40

II B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER – III
CORE-V

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II For the students admitted in the year 2015

CH305T
HRS/WK – 4
CREDIT – 4

Objectives:

- To learn the principles of inorganic qualitative analysis.
- To learn the nature of compounds formed by p- block and d-block elements.
- To learn the various metallurgical processes.

UNIT – I: PRINCIPLES OF INORGANIC QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS AND TYPES OF SOLVENT [12 Hrs]

- 1.1 Principles of acid-base equillibria Common ion effect, solubility product and their applications in qualitative analysis. Reactions involved in the separation and identification of cations and anions in qualitative analysis Spot reagents aluminon, Cupferon, DMG, Thiourea, magneson, alizarin and Nessler's reagent.
- 1.2 Types of solvents: Physical properties of solvents, protic and aprotic solvents, amphiprotic and amphoteric solvents aqueous and non-aqueous solvents Liquid NH₃ as a solvent HF as a solvent solvation number medium effect Vander waal's forces ion-dipole, dipole-dipole interactions

UNIT - II: CARBON FAMILY AND TYPES OF CHEMICAL REACTIONS [12 Hrs]

- 2.1 Carbon family: Group discussion valencies, oxides, halides, hydrides of C and Si catenation and hetero catenation allotropy of carbon, comparison of properties of C & Si. Carbides: salt like carbides Interstitial carbides covalent carbides applications of carbides in Industry.
- 2.2 Types of chemical reactions: Acid Base, oxidation reduction, electron transfer, double decomposition reaction balancing chemical reactions by oxidation number and ion, electron method.

UNIT – III: NITROGEN AND OXYGEN FAMILY [12 Hrs]

- 3.1 Nitrogen family Comparative study of N, P, As, Sb, Bi oxides N₂O₃, P₄O₆, N₂O₅ and P₄O₁₀. Oxy-acids: HNO₂, HNO₃, H₃PO₂, H₃PO₃ and H₃PO₄ –properties and structure. Halides PCl₃, PCl₅ properties and structure. Hydrides NH₃, PH₃, AsH₃ and BiH₃ structure, trends in boiling point, basic character and hydrogen bonding. Properties, structure and uses of hydrazine and hydroxylamine
- 3.2 Oxygen family: Comparative study of O, S, Se, Te elements anomalous behavior of Oxygen, oxides of sulphur SO₂ and SO₃, properties and structure.Oxoacids of sulphur H₂SO₃, H₂SO₄ and H₂S₂O₇, properties and structure. Peroxosulphuric acids- Caro's acid, Marshall's acid structure and comparison Dithionic and Polythionic acids. Chemistry of ozone

UNIT – IV: HALOGENS

Halogens – Comparative study of F, Cl, Br, I, At elements – reactivities – comparison of fluorine with oxygen – hydrogen halides – preparation and properties of HF, HCl, HBr and HI – Bleaching powder, estimation of available of chlorine. Oxyacids of halogens – Sodiumhypochloride and Soduim chlorite – Poly halides - interhalogen compounds (ClF₃, ICl,

[12 Hrs]

 BrF_3 , ClF_5 , BrF_5 , IF_5 structure and properties) – Psuedo halogens (CN^- , SCN^- , N_3^- structure and properties). Basic properties of halogens - positive iodine – exceptional properties of fluorine, similarities between H_2O & HF.

UNIT – V: NOBLE GASES

[12 Hrs]

Noble gases: electronic configuration – reasons for placing in zero group – position in the periodic table - chemical inertness of noble gases – reasons – applications – clathrates – hybridization and geometries of XeF₂, XeF₄, XeF₆, XeOF₄. Uses of noble gases.

Text Books:

- 1. Vogels, Text book of quantitative chemical analysis, 6th Ed, Prentice Hall, 2000.
- 2. J.D.Lee, A New Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edn., ELBS, 1987.
- 3. R.D.Madan, Modern Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edn., Sulthan Chand Publications, 1988.
- 4. R. Gopalan, Inorganic Chemistry For Undergraduates, university press pvt ltd, 1st ed, 2009.
- 5. B.R. Puri,; L.R.Sharma,; K.C.Kalia, Priciples of Inorganic Chemistry, Lal Nagin chand and co. Delhi 1996.

Reference Books:

- 1. F.A.Cotton, G.Wilkinson, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 5th Edn., John Wiley.1985.
- 2. B.Douglas, D.McDaniel, J.Alexander, Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edn., John Wiley,2001.
- 3. J.E. Huheey, Inorganic Chemistry, 5th Edn., Harper International.1993.
- 4. W.V.Mallik, G.D.Tuli, R.D.Madan, Selected topics in Inorganic Chemistry, 4rd Edn., Sulthan Chand Publications,1992.

II B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER – III
CORE-V

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II For the students admitted in the year 2016

CH305T	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT – 4	

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks **25 marks**

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer (10 x 1 = 10)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Fourteen (Conceptual and descriptive type questions) (Not more than three questions from any unit)

> SECTION – C (5 x 7 = 35) Answer Five out of Eight (May contain two sub divisions) (Conceptual and descriptive type)

SECTION – D (1 x 10 = 10) Answer One out of Three (Preferably not more than one question in one unit) (Problem solving type)

II B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER – III
CORE-VI

CH306S	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT – 4	

Objective:

• To learn about the principles of gravimetric analysis, polarography, separation and purification techniques, UV- Visible spectroscopy, X - Ray methods- water treatment and parameter calculations.

UNIT – I: GRAVIMETRIC ANALYSIS AND THERMAL ANALYTICAL METHODS [12 Hrs]

Characteristics of precipitating agents- Choice of precipitants and conditions of precipitation -Specific and selective precipitants- Use of sequestering agents- Co-precipitation- Post precipitation- Peptisation- Differences- Reduction of error -Precipitation from homogeneous solution- Calculations in gravimetric methods- use of gravimetric factors.

Principle involved in thermogravimetric analysis and differential thermal analysis- Discussion of various components with block diagram- Characteristics of TGA&DTA- Factors affecting TGA & DTA curves- Thermometric titrations

UNIT - II: SEPARATION AND PURIFICATION TECHNIQUES [12 Hrs]

Principles involved in the separation of solids- Purification of solid organic compounds-Crystallisation- Fractional crystallization- Sublimation- Purification of liquids- Experimental techniques of distillation- Fractional distillation- Vaccuum distillation- Steam distillation-Eletrophoresis.

UNIT – III: POLAROGRAPHY, AMPEROMETRY AND POLARIMETRY [12 Hrs]

Principle - concentration polarization- dropping mercury electrode- advantages and disadvantages - convention- migration and diffusion currents- Ilkovic equation (derivation not required) and significance- experimental assembly- electrodes- capillary solutions- current voltage curve- oxygen wave- influence of temperature and agitation on diffusion layer-Polarography as an analytical tool in quantitative & qualitative analysis. Amperometry – basic principle & uses. Polarimetry principle- instrumentation- comparison of strengths of acids-Estmation of glucose.

UNIT – IV: UV- VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY AND X-RAY METHODS [12 Hrs]

Absorption laws- calculations involving Beer - Lambert's law - instrumentation photocalorimeter and spectrophotometer - block diagram with description of components with theory - types of electronic transitions - chromophore - auxochromes - absorption bands and intensity - factors governing absorption maximum and intensity.

Bragg's equation - explanation of terms - experimental methods - Rotating crystal technique powder technique – determination of structure of NaCl.

UNIT - V: TECHNOLOGY OF WATER

[12 Hrs] Hardness of water - Hard water - soft water - Temporary and permanent hardness- problems on calculating temporary and permanent hardness - Estimation of hardness using EDTA method and their problems - Water treatment - lime soda process - calculation of amount of soda lime

required for water softening – zeolite process – problems – Demineralisation process – Reverse osmosis – Electrodialysis – biological oxygen demand – chemical oxygen demand - treatment of domestic water supply – sedimentation – coagulation – filtration – sterilization of water

Text Books:

- 1. R. Gopalan, P.S. Subramanian and K. Rengarajan "Elements of Analytical Chemistry", 2nd edition (1991). Sultan Chand & sons educational publishers.
- 2. B. K. Sharma, "Industrial chemistry" Seventeenth edition (2004) Goel publishing house, Meerut.
- 3. G. R. Chatwal, S. K. Anand "Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis" Enlarged edition (2007) Himalaya publishing house Mumbai.
- 4. S. S. Dara, "A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry" fifth revised edition (1996) S Chand company limited, New Delhi.

Reference Books:

- 1. Skoog and D. M. West, "Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry", International edition, seventh edition (1996), Saunders college publishing Philadelphia, Halt, London.
- 2. Jagmohan, Spectroscopy of Organic chemistry, Narosa Publications

II B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER – III
CORE-VI

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY- II For the students admitted in the year 2014

CH306S	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT – 4	

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks **25 marks**

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A ($20 \times 1 = 20$) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blanks	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION – C (5 x 7 = 35) Answer Five out of Seven (Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

UNIT – III: INORGANIC & SOLID STATE CHEMISTRY

UNIT - IV: ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY

complexation, precipitation and redox titrations, voltammetry, Acid, base titrations, amperometry and conductometry, basic principle and uses.

UNIT - V: MATERIAL SCIENCE AND ELECTRODICS

Material Science: Super conductivity -characters of Superconductorstypes of Superconductors- application of Super conductors.

Electrodics: Types of electrodes and cells - Nernst equation - EMF measurements and its application - principles of chemical and electrochemical corrosion - corrosion control.

Text Books:

- 1. H.J. Arnikar, Essentials of Nuclear chemistry, New Age International (P) Ltd. 4th edition, 2003.
- 2. S. Glasstone, Principles of electrochemistry, Oxford University Press, 3rd edition, 2004.
- 3. P.S. Kalsi, Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, New Age International (P) Ltd. 5th edition, 2004.

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ALLIED CHEMISTRY FOR PHYSICS For the students admitted in the year 2011

Objectives:

II B.Sc. (PH)

SEMESTER - III

ALLIED CHEMISTRY

- To introduce basic concepts of nuclear chemistry.
- To study the important concepts of spectroscopy. ٠
- To learn the various quantitative measurements.
- To understand the superconductors & electrode reactions. •

UNIT – I: NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY

Atom - classification of nuclides, nuclear stability, magic number, Radioactive elements, Decay kinetics, Photonuclear reaction, nuclear fission and fusion, Nuclear Reactor - Detectors -Application of Radioactivity.

UNIT – II: SPECTROSCOPY & PROPERTIES OF DILUTE SOLUTIONS [12 Hrs]

Spectroscopy - Types, electromagnetic radiation, characteristics of electromagnetic radiation, electromagnetic spectrum, absorption & emission spectra.IR : Types of vibration, selection rule -UV: Electronic energy levels - electronic transition & selection rule - Beer-Lambert law, chromophores, auxochrome - Bathochromic shift, Hypsochromic shift. Colligative properties Lowering of Vapour pressure, Raoult's law, Osmosis, derivation of osmotic pressure, reverse osmosis, elevation of boiling point, determination of molar mass, freezing point depression, and cryoscopic constant, Vant - Hoff factor.

Bragg's equation – Principles of X-ray diffraction – Comparison of X-ray, electron and neutron diffraction. Crystal lattices - laws of crystallography - elements of symmetry - crystal systems unit cell, space lattices - Bravis lattice - Miller Indices - ionic crystal structures of simple inorganic compounds.

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

ACH301S HRS/WK - 5CREDIT – 3

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

4. A.G. West, Solid Chemistry, New Age International (P) Ltd, 2003.

Reference Books:

- 1. P.W. Atkins, The elements of Physical chemistry, Oxford University Press, 3rd edition, 2004.
- 2. D.A. Skoog, D.M. West, F.J. Holler & S.R. Crouch, Fundamentals of Analytical chemistry, Thomson. Brooks / Cole, 2004.
- 3. D.F.Shriver and P.W.Atkins, Inorganic chemistry, Oxford University Press, 3rd edition, 2002.

II B.Sc. (PH)	
SEMESTER – III	
ALLIED CHEMISTRY	

ALLIED CHEMISTRY FOR PHYSICS For the students admitted in the year 2011

ACH301S	
HRS/WK – 5	
CREDIT – 3	

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A ($20 \times 1 = 20$) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blanks	(5 x 1 = 5)
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION $- C (5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

II B.Sc. (PH)	ALLIED CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL	ACHP301
SEMESTER – III		HRS/WK – 3
ALLIED PRACTICAL – I	For the students admitted in the year 2011	CREDIT – 2

Conductometric titrations:

- 1. Determination of cell constant
- 2. Estimation of the amount of HCl by titrating with Standard NaOH conductometrically.
- 3. Estimation of the amount of CH₃COOH by titrating with Standard NaOH, conductometrically.

Potentiometric titrations:

- 1. Estimation of the amount of FAS, potentiometrically, by titrating with Standard KMnO₄.
- 2. Determination of pka of CH₃COOH, by performing potentiometric titration using standard NaOH solution.
- 3. Estimation of the amount of KCl by titrating with Standard AgNO₃ potentiometrically.

Scheme of Evaluation

Record	-	10 Marks
VIVA Voce	-	10 Marks
Principle ,model graph	-	10 Marks
Manipulation	-	5 Marks
Error up to 2%	-	25 Mark
2.1 - 3%	-	20 Marks
3.1 – 4 %	-	15 Marks
4.1 – 5 %	-	10 Marks
>5 %	-	5 Marks
Total	-	60 Marks

II B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER – IV
CORE-VI

CH407S	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT – 4	

Objectives:

- To learn the chemistry of functional groups of organic compounds
- To learn the preparation of organic compounds of halide and oxygen based functional groups
- To understand the physical and chemical properties of above functionalized organic compounds
- To learn and practice the mechanism of above such reactions

UNIT – I: ALIPHATIC NUCLEOPHILIC SUBSTITUTION [12 Hrs] Nucleophiles – Nucleophilicity

- 1.1 Aliphatic nucleophilic substitution Mechanisms of SN1, SN2 and SNi. Energy Profile diagrams Effects of nature of substrates, solvent, nucleophile and Leaving groups. Leaving group ability and pKa value. Basicity and Nucleophilicity a comparison.
- 1.2 Substitution Vs elimination with examples.
- 1.3 Stereochemistry of Substitution reactions a brief introduction.

UNIT – II: AROMATIC ELECTROPHILIC & NUCLEOPHILIC SUBSTITUTION [12 Hrs]

- 2.1 Aromaticity Huckel's theory of aromaticity and its applications to Benzene and polynuclear hydrocarbons like naphthalene. Resonance and delocalization in benzene. Examples of aromatic, anti-aromatic and non-aromatic compounds. Problems.
- 2.2 Aromatic electrophilic substitution. Mechanisms of Nitration, halogenation, Sulfonation. Friedel – Crafts alkylation and acylation. Substituent effects in Aromatic electrophilic substitution. Reactivity and orientation. Activation and Deactivation of the benzene ring. Ortho – para ratio. Problems.
- 2.3 Synthesis of simple substituted benzenes using the above reactions.
- 2.4 Aromatic nucleophilic substitutions. The addition elimination mechanism AdE2. The elimination addition mechanism Benzyne mechanism.

UNIT – III: ALCOHOLS, ETHERS & PHENOLS

- 3.1 Alcohols Sources Nomenclature Preparation by reduction of aldehydes, Ketones, acids and esters. Preparation using Grignard reagents. Types of Alcohols and their reactivity. Diols and polyhydric alcohols.
- 3.2 Reactions of alcohols oxidation, esterification and dehydration. Cleavage of Diols using periodic acid (HIO4) and lead tetraacetate.
- 3.3 Allyl alcohol its preparation. Allylic substitution using N-bromosuccinimide (NBS).
- 3.4 Phenols Nomenclature structure and bonding. Sources of phenols –acidity of phenol and substituent effects on its acidity. Reactions of phenols: Reimer-Tiemann, Kolbe-Schmidt, Lederrer-Manasse reactions and coupling with diazonium salts. Problems
- 3.5 Ethers Nomenclature structure and bonding Preparation Williamson synthesis. Cleavage of ethers by acids.

[12 Hrs]

UNIT –IV: ALDEHYDES AND KETONES

- 4.1 Nomenclature and classification
- 4.2 Preparation of aldehydes and ketones
- 4.3 Reactivity of carbonyl groups, acidity of alpha hydrogen.
- 4.4 Reactions: Mechanism of enolisation reactions, nucleophilic addition, oxidation and reduction reactions, addition reactions with Grignard reagents, cyanide and bisulphate. Preparation of derivatives of ammonia and alcohols.
- 4.5 Mechanism of aldol, Cannizaro perkin, knoevenagel reactions. Benzoin condensation, Claisen, Wittig and Reformasky reactions.
- 4.6 Mechanisms of reductions with NaBH4, LiAlH4, Wolff- Kishner, Clemmensen and MPV reductions.
- 4.7 Photochemical reactions of carbonyl compounds: Norrish type I and II reactions

UNIT - V: CARBOXYLIC ACIDS

[12 Hrs]

- 5.1 Carboxylic acids nomenclature.
- 5.2 Ionization of carboxylic acids acidity constants
- 5.3 Comparison of acid strengths of substituted haloacids and substituted benzoic acids.
- 5.4 Reactions of carboxylic acids. Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction.
- 5.5 Conversion of acids to their derivatives.
- 5.6 Dicarboxylic acids nomenclature.
- 5.7 Preparation and properties of oxalic, malonic, succinic, glutaric and adipic acids

Text Books:

- 1. Francis A.Carey, Organic Chemistry- Tata McGraw Hill-1999.
- 2. Seyhan Ege- Organic Chemistry-A.I.T.B.S Publishers-1999.

Reference Books:

- 1. Ahluwalia and Parassar- Organic Reaction mechanisms, Narosa Publishers.2004.
- 2. Bahl & Arun Bahl- Advanced Organic Chemistry, Sultan Chand-1996.
- 3. Paula Yurkanis Bruice Organic Chemistry, Prentice Hall- 1999.
- 4. E.L. Eliel and S.H.Wilers, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, John Wiley and sons, 2004.
- 5. P.S.Kalsi, Stereochemistry: Conformation and Mechanism, Wiley Eastern Ltd -2007.

II B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER – IV
CORE-VI

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - II For the students admitted in the year 2014

CH407S	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT – 4	

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A (20x 1 = 20)Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blanks	(5 x 1 = 5)
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION $- C (5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain a maximum of two subdivisions)

II B.Sc (CH)	INTRODUCTION TO MOLECULAR	CH408T
SEMESTER – IV	STRUCTURE	HRS/WK – 4
CORE-VII	For the students admitted in the year 2014	CREDIT – 4

Objectives:

• To study about the quantum concept and atomic and molecular structures. To study about bonding and orbitals. To study the principle, selection rules and applications of spectroscopy.

UNIT – I

- 1.1 Quantum Chemistry the failures of classical physics-block body radiation Photo electric effect –diffraction of electrons.(Pages 270-278)
- 1.2 Schrodinger equation -the Born interpretation-uncertainty principle. (Pages 280-283)
- 1.3 Quantum numbers- wave functions -s orbitals-p and d orbitals-electron spin. (Pages 301-307)

UNIT – II

- 2.1 Chemical bond-classification of bonds-potential energy curves-VBT-diatomic moleculespolyatomic molecules-promotion and hybridization-resonance.(Pages 326-332)
- 2.2 Molecular orbitals-linear combinations of atomic orbitals- bonding orbitals -anti bonding orbitals-structure of diatomic molecules- hydrogen and helium molecules- period 2 diatomic molecules.(Pages 334-339)

UNIT – III

- 3.1 Electric and magnetic properties Clausius-Mosotti equations Debye equation measurement of dipole moments - dependence of polarizability on frequency.
- 3.2 Molar refractivity dipole moments and molecular structure magnetic permeability magnetic susceptibility - diamagnetism - Para magnetism - measurement of magnetic susceptibility

UNIT – IV

- 4.1 Group theory symmetry elements and operations –classes and sub groups –group multiplication table- postulates of a group.
- 4.2 Solid state- Amorphous and crystalline- classification of crystalline solids- bonding and electrical conductivity in solids - crystal lattices and unit cells-Bravais lattices.

UNIT – V

- 5.1 General features of spectroscopy experimental techniques intensities & line widths
- 5.2 Rotational spectroscopy-the rotational energy levels of molecules-rotational transitionsmicrowave spectroscopy-rotational Raman spectra.
- 5.3 Vibrational spectroscopy the vibrations of molecules -transitions- vibrational Raman spectra of diatomic molecules-vibrations of polyatomic molecules and vibrational Raman spectra of polyatomic molecules.
- 5.4 Electronic transitions UV and visible spectra -Franck Condon principle-measures of intensity-spin selection rules, spectral transitions and types of transitions. (Pages 415-446)

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

Text Book:

1. P.W. Atkins.Elements of Physical chemistry. Oxford university Press.3rd edition.1990.

Reference Books:

- 1. K.V.Raman. Group theory. 1996. (5th edition)
- 2. Puri and Sharma. Principles of physical chemistry. 40th edition.2003
- 3. R. K. Prasad, Quantum Chemistry, Wiley Eeastern, New Delhi, 2nd edition, 1992
- 4. C.N Banwell, fundamentals of molecular spectroscopy, Chapman and hall 4th edition,1991.

II B.Sc (CH)	INTRODUCTION TO MOLECULAR
SEMESTER – IV	STRUCTURE
CORE-VII	For the students admitted in the year 2014

CH408T	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT – 4	

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A $(15 \times 1 = 15)$ Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer $(10 \ge 1 = 10)$ II. Match the following $(05 \ge 1 = 5)$

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve (Conceptual descriptive and Problem solving type)

SECTION – C (5 x 8 = 40) Answer Five out of Seven (May contain sub divisions) (Conceptual descriptive and Problem solving type)

II B.Sc (CH)	PR
SEMESTER – IV	QUAI
CORE PRACTICAL –III	

PRACTICAL CHEMISTRY – III QUALITATIVE ORGANIC ANALYSIS PRACTICAL

CHP403	
HRS/WK – 3	
CREDIT – 2	

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

Identification of an organic compound through the functional group analysis. Detection of special elements (N,S and halogens).(Micro scale)

ORGANIC PREPARATIONS

- 1. NITRATION: Prepartion of m-dinitrobenzene and p-nitroacetanilide.
- 2. ACETYLATION: Preparation of acetyl derivatives of aniline, salicylic acid and glucose.
- 3. DIAZOTIZATION: Preparation of methyl orange and methyl red.
- 4. REDUCTION: Preparation of aniline from nitrobenzene.
- 5. OXIDATION: Preparation of benzoic acid from benzaldehyde.
- 6. HALOGENATION: Preparation of p-bromoacetanilide.

Reference books:

- 1. Mann and Saunders, Laboratory manual of Organic Chemistry.
- 2. Vogel's Quantitative Organic Analysis.

Scheme of evaluation

Analysis	:	35 marks
i) Saturated/ Unsaturated	:	3 marks
ii) Special elements	:	6 marks
iii) Aromatic / Aliphatic	:	3 marks
iv) Identification of functional group	:	6 marks
v) Confirmatory tests	:	5 marks
vi) Preparation of derivative	:	6 marks
vii) Systematic procedure	:	6 marks
Preparation	:	15 marks
i) Crude sample	:	10 marks
ii) Recrystallised Sample	:	5 marks
Record	:	10 marks
Total	:	60 marks

II B.Sc (CH)		
SEMESTER – IV		
CORE PRACTICAL –III		

PRACTICAL CHEMISTRY – IV PHYSICAL METHODS PRACTICAL

CHP404
HRS/WK – 3
CREDIT – 2

Part -I

Determination of melting point

Naphthalene, Benzoic acid, Urea, Succinic acid, m-Dinitrobenzene, Acetanilide, p-Dichlorobenzene.

Determination of boiling point

Ethanol, Cyclohexane, Toluene

Part - II

Decolorisation and crystallization using Charcoal

- 1. Decolorisation of brown sugar (sucrose) with animal charcoal using gravity filtration.
- 2. Crystallization and decolorisation of impure naphthalene from ethanol.

Part - III

Viscosity, Surface Tension

- 1. To determine the percentage composition of a given mixture by viscosity method.
- 2. To determine the percentage composition of a given binary mixture by surface tension method.
- 3. To determine the viscosity of amyl alcohol in water at different concentrations.

Scheme of evaluation

Part I	:	10 marks
Part II	:	10 marks
Part III		
i) Procedure	:	5 marks
ii) Formula	:	2 marks
iii) Calculation	:	8 marks
iv) Result	:	15 marks
Record	:	10 marks
Total	:	60 marks

- 1.5 Aromatic amines. Preparation of primary, secondary and tertiary amines.
- 1.5.1 amines.
- coupling reactions.

UNIT - II: STEREOCHEMISTRY - II

- 2.1 Conformers of cyclohexane -chair, boat and skew boat forms, axial-equatorial positions and their interconversions, conformers of mono and disubstituted cyclohexanes-1,2 and 1.3 interactions.
- 2.2 Optical isomerism, optical activity, optical and specific rotations, conditions for optical activity. Asymmetric center, chirality, achiral molecules, (+) and (-) and D andL notations, elements of symmetry, racemization, methods of racemization, methods of resolution, Walden inversion.
- 2.3 Projection formula: Fischer, flying wedge, sawhorse and Newmann projection formulaenotation of optical isomers- Cahn- Ingold-Prelog rules, R and S notations for isomers with one or two asymmetric carbon atoms, erythro and threo representations.
- 2.4 Optical activity in compounds not containing asymmetric carbon atoms namely biphenyls, allenes and spiranes.

UNIT - III: SYNTHESIS INVOLVING ACTIVE METHYLENE GROUP AND TAUTOMERISM [12 Hrs]

- 3.1 Carbonyl polarization reactivity acidity of alpha hydrogen- malonic acetoacetic and cyanoacetic esters - characteristic reactions of active methylene group - synthetic uses of malonic, aceto acetic and cyano acetic esters.
- 3.2 Diazomethane and diazoacetic ester: Preparation, structure and synthetic applications.
- 3.3 Tautomerism: Definition- keto-enol tautomerism- identification, acid and base catalyzed mechanisms, evidences - amido - imidol and nitro- acinitro tautomerisms.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - III For the students admitted in the year 2014

Objective:

III B.Sc (CH)

SEMESTER - V

CORE - V

- To impart knowledge about carbohydrate chemistry
- To appreciate the applications of stereochemistry •
- To learn various reactions of nitro compounds and their applications
- To learn and practice the molecular rearrangements and the reaction mechanisms. •

UNIT – I: NITROGEN CONTAINING COMPOUNDS

- 1.1 Nomenclature and classification, Preparation
- 1.2 Nitrocompounds: aliphatic and aromatic nitro compounds, classification, general properties.
- 1.3 Reactions: reduction by chemical and electrolytic method
- 1.4 Di- and tri-substitution of aromatic nitro compounds: synthesis of o-, m-, p- dinitrobenzenes and trinitrobenzene.
- Reactions: basicity of amines, effect of substituents on basicity of aromatic

1.6 Diazonium salts: Preparation, diazotization reaction, Sandmeyer, Gatterman, Gomberg, and

[12 Hrs]

CH509T HRS/WK - 4CREDIT – 3

5.3 Amino acids : Classification and structure of amino acids - Gabriel pthalimide synthesis - Strecker synthesis - Erlenmeyer synthesis - Zwitter ion, isoelectric point - peptide -Merrifield synthesis - End group analysis - Proteins - primary, secondary and tertiary structure of proteins.

forms – determination of ring size – Haworth projection formula – epimerization reactions of

glucose and fructose - Osazone formation, mutarotation and its mechanism -

lengthening and chain shortening of aldoses – inter conversion of aldoses and ketoses. 5.2 Structural elucidation of sucrose and maltose. Structure and properties of starch and

Text Books:

cellulose.

- 1. R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic chemistry, 6th edition, Prentice Hall of India Limited., New Delhi, 1992.
- 2. B. Y. Paula Yurkanis Bruise, Organic Chemistry, 3rd edition, Pearson education, New Delhi 2002.
- 3. I. L. Finar, Organic chemistry, 6th edition, ELBS, 1990.
- 4. O. P. Agarwal, Chemistry of organic natural products vol 1, Goel publishing house, 2002.
- 5. Gurdeep chatwal, Chemistry of organic natural products, vol 1, Goel publishing house, 2002.
- 6. B. S. Bahl and Arun Bahl, Organic chemistry, S. Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 2005.

Reference Books:

- 1. Jerry March, Advanced organic chemistry, 4th edition, John wiley and sons, New Yorkk, 1992.
- 2. S. H. Pine, Organic chemistry, 5th edition, Mcgraw Hill international edition chemistry series, New York, 1987.
- 3. Seyhan. N. Ege, Organic chemistry, structure and reactivity, 3rd edition, A.I.T.B.S., New Delhi.1998.
- 4. P. S. Kalsi, Stereochemistry: Conformation and Mechanism, 2nd edition, Wiley easern ltd, 1993.

4.4 Fries rearrangement (two mechanisms)

formation – migratory aptitude

UNIT - V: CARBOHYDRATES AND AMINO ACIDS

UNIT – IV: MOLECULAR REARRANGEMENTS

[12 Hrs] 4.1 Classification as anionotropic, cationotropic, free radical, inter and intramolecular

rearrangement 4.2 Pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement -mechanism, evidence for carbonium ion intermediate

4.3 Beckmann, Hoffmann, Curtius and Benzillic acid, Baeyer Villiger rearrangements.

5.1 Carbohydrates : Structural elucidation of glucose and fructose - pyranose and furanose

chain

III B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER - V
CORE - V

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - III For the students admitted in the year 2016

CH509T HRS/WK – 4 CREDIT – 3

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A ($20 \times 1 = 20$) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blaks	(5 x 1 = 5)
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION $- C (5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain a maximum of two subdivisions)

III B.Sc (CH) **SEMESTER - V CORE - VI**

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - III For the students admitted in the year 2016

Objectives:

- To impart knowledge about Coordination chemistry and early theory
- To appreciate the applications of coordination chemistry •
- To learn various aspects of crystal structure and solid state chemistry.

UNIT - I: CHEMISTRY OF D-BLOCK ELEMENTS AND METALLURGICAL **PROCESSES** [12 Hrs]

- 1.1 Chemistry of d-block elements Characteristics of d-block elements occurrence oxidation states, magnetic properties and color - comparative study of Ti, V, Cr, Mn & Fe group.
- 1.2 Metallurgical processes: Methods involved in ore concentration, isolation and purification. Metallurgy of Ti, V, W, Cr

UNIT - II: COORDINATION CHEMISTRY I

- 2.1 Coordination Chemistry: Definition of terms used Nomenclature of Co-ordination complexes - Classification of ligands.
- 2.2 Isomerism in complexes ionization isomerism, hydrate isomerism, linkage isomerism, ligand isomerism, Coordination isomerism and polymerization isomerism - Geometrical and optical isomerism in tetra and hexa coordinated complexes.

UNIT - III: COORDINATION CHEMISTRY II

- 3.1 Werner's theory Sidgwick's theory EAN rule, Valence bond theory hybridization geometry and magnetic properties - failure of VBT.
- 3.2 Crystal field theory Splitting of d-orbitals in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes - crystal field stabilization energy - calculation of CFSE in octahedral complexes -Spectrochemical series - low spin and high spin complexes - explanation of magnetic properties and color of complexes using CFT

UNIT - IV: COORDINATION CHEMISTRY III

- 4.1 Comparison of VBT and CFT. Trans effect and Jahn-Teller effect.
- 4.2 Pi Acceptor ligands, bonding, hybridizations, structures and properties of carbonyls of Ni, Cr, Fe, Co, Mn, W & V.

UNIT - V: SOLID STATE CHEMISTRY

- 5.1 X-Ray diffraction Bragg's equation principle of X-ray diffraction comparison of X-ray, electron and neutron diffraction
- 5.2 Radius ratio and coordination number of Crystal structure NaCl, Rutile, Wurtzite, Zincblende and CaF2, - Crystal defects - Schottky, Frenkel, Metal excess and metal deficiency defects, and their consequences. Metallic bond, Metallic properties, Band theory of metals, semiconductors - n and p type semiconductors - Superconductors.

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

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[12 Hrs]

Text Books:

- 1. R. Gopalan,; V.Ramaligam, Concise Co-ordianation Chemistry, 2nd Ed, Vikas publisihing house, 2008.
- 2. R. Gopalan, Inorganic Chemistry For Undergraduates, university press pvt ltd, 1st ed, 2009.
- 3. B.R. Puri,; L.R.Sharma,; K.C.Kalia, Priciples of Inorganic Chemistry, Lal Nagin chand and co. Delhi 1996.
- 4. J. D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 5th ed, Blackwell science, London 1996.

Reference Books:

- 1. W. R. West, Solid State Chemistry And Its Applications, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1984.
- 2. W. L. Jolly, Modern Inorganic Chemistry, 2nd ed, Mc-Graw Hill 1991.
- 3. J.E.Huheey,; E.A.Keiter,; R.L.Keiter, Inorganic Chemistry Principles of Structure and Reactivity, 4th ed, Harper and Collins 1993.
- 4. L. E. Smart, E. A. Moore, Solid State Chemistry An introduction 3rd ed, Taylor and Francis group 2005.

III B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER - V
CORE - VI

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - III For the students admitted in the year 2016

CH510T HRS/WK – 4 CREDIT - 3

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks **25 marks**

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer (10 x 1 = 10)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Fourteen (Conceptual and descriptive type questions) (Not more than two questions from any unit)

> SECTION – C (5 x 7 = 35) Answer Five out of Eight (May contain two sub divisions) (Conceptual and descriptive type)

SECTION – D (1 x 10 = 10) Answer One out of Three (Preferably not more than one question in one unit) (Problem solving type)

III B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER - V
CORE - VII

Objective:

- To Learn and understand the laws of thermodynamics
- To introduce different kinds of phase equilibria.

UNIT – I

[12 Hrs]

- 1.1 Thermodynamics-the conservation of energy-systems and surroundings-work and heat- the measurement of work- the measurement of heat.
- 1.2 Internal energy –enthalpy- the temperature variation of the enthalpy. (Pages 37-56)

UNIT – II

- 2.1 Thermo chemistry-physical change-the enthalpy of phase transition-atomic and molecular change.
- 2.2 chemical change standard enthalpy changes- the combination of reaction enthalpiesstandard Enthalpies of formation –variation of reaction enthalpy with temperature. (Pages 57-76)

UNIT – III

- 3.1 II law of thermodynamics-entropy –The carnot Cycle carnot theorems Entropy and carnot cycle Entropy a measure of randomness and probability.
- 3.2 Direction of spontaneous change-entropy and II law-entropy changes for typical processesentropy changes in the surroundings. (Pages 77-85)

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

- 4.1 III law of thermodynamics- Nernst heat theorem- Gibbs-Duhem equation-effect of temperature and pressure on chemical potential chemical potential in systems of ideal gases- Duhem-Margules equation. Absolute entropies standard reaction entropy.
- 4.2 The spontaneity of Chemical reactions –Gibbs free energy focusing on the system properties of the Gibbs energy. (Pages 77-90)

UNIT – V

[12 Hrs]

- 5.1 Phase equilibria-thermodynamics of transition –condition of stability- variation of Gibbs energy with pressure- variation of Gibbs energy with temperature.
- 5.2 Phase diagrams –phase boundaries-location of phase boundaries-characteristic points Phase rule –phase diagram for typical materials. (Pages 95-110)

Text Book:

1. P.W. Atkins.Elements of Physical chemistry. Oxford university Press.3rd edition.1990.

Reference Books:

1. J.Rajaram and J.C.Kuriacose, Thermodynamics For Students of Chemistry, Lal Nagin Chand, New Delhi, 3rd edition, 1986.

57-30)

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

- Puri and Sharma. Principles of physical chemistry. 40th edition.2003
 Arun Bahl, B.S.Bahl and G.D. Tuli . Essentials of Physical Chemistry. 26th edition (revised multicolour). 2009.

III B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER - V
CORE - VII

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks **25 marks**

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A $(15 \times 1 = 15)$ Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer $(10 \ge 1 = 10)$ II. Match the following $(05 \ge 1 = 5)$

SECTION -B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve (Conceptual descriptive and Problem solving type)

SECTION -C (5 x 8 = 40) Answer Five out of Seven (May contain sub divisions) (Conceptual descriptive and Problem solving type)

To learn the basic analytical methods and appreciate what is involved in an analysis

To enable the students to develop instrumentation skills. ٠

UNIT – I

Objectives:

III B.Sc CH)

SEMESTER - V

ELECTIVE - I

- 1.1.Introduction: Introduction to instrumental methods of chemical analysis.
- 1.2. Microwave spectroscopy: Introduction-instrumentation-the source and monochromatorsample and sample space-detector-spectrum analyzer-working.
- 1.3.IR-spectroscopy: Introduction source monochromators -sample cells & sampling substances - sampling of solids - detector - bolometers - thermocouples - thermistars golay cell – photoconductivity cell – single beam & double beam spectrometers.

UNIT – II

- 2.1 Raman spectroscopy: Introduction instrumentation source of light filters sample holder – spectrograph
- 2.2 UV spectroscopy: Introduction-instrumentation-radiation source monochromatorsdetectors-recording system-sample cells-power supply
- 2.3 NMR spectroscopy: introduction instrumentation sample holder magnet sweep generator - radio frequency generator - radio frequency receiver.

UNIT – III

- 3.1 NQR spectroscopy: Introduction Instrumentation
- 3.2 ESR spectroscopy: Introduction instrumentation source circulator sample cavity – magnet system – crystal detectors
- 3.3 Mass spectroscopy: Introduction instrumentation inlet system ion source electrostatic accelerating system – ion collector – vacuum system

UNIT – IV

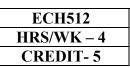
- 4.1 Massbouer spectroscopy: Introduction instrumentation
- 4.2 Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Introduction instrumentation –radiation source chopper - production of the atomic vapor - nebulisation of the liquid sample monochromators – detectors – amplifiers
- 4.3 Flame photometry: Introduction -instrumentation burner mirrors monochromators filters - detectors

UNIT - V

- 5.1 Nephlometry and Turbidimetry: Introduction instrumentation sources detectors cells - turbidimeters nephlometers
- 5.2 **pH meter:** Introduction instrumentation potentiometric type direct reading type
- 5.3 Fluorimetry and Phosphorimetry: Introduction instrumentation flourimeters & spectroflourimetrs

For the students admitted in the year 2014

ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES



[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

Text Books:

- 1. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis; Chatwal & Anand, Himalaya publishing House.
- 2. R. Gopalan, Analytical chemistry, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. D. A. Skoog; D. M. West; F. J. Holler, Analytical chemistry: An introduction, 5th edition, Saunders college publishing, Philadelphia, 1990.

Reference Books:

- 1. A. K. Srivastava, P. C. Jain, Chemical Analysis an instrumental approach for B. Sc., honors and M.Sc., classes, S. Chand & company Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi.
- 2. R. M. Roberts, J. C. Gilbert, L. B. Rodewald, A. S. Wingrove, Modern experimental chemistry, 4th edition, Holt Saunders international edition.

III B.Sc (CH)	
SEMESTER - V	
ELECTIVE - I	

ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES For the students admitted in the year 2014

ECH512 HRS/WK – 4 CREDIT- 5

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A ($20 \times 1 = 15$) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blanks	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any **Ten** out of **Twelve**

SECTION $- C (5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

and Antidotes	for po	isoned	persons.
ination of Sea	food.	Use of	neutron

FORENSIC CHEMISTRY

For the students admitted in the year 2017

• To give the students the importance of forensic chemistry and an exposure to find, analyse

1.1 Contamination of wheat, rice, dhal, milk, butter, etc. with clay, sand, stone, water and toxic

and find a suitable method to detect the crime.

- **UNIT II: TRANSPORTAION**
- 2.1 Drunken driving: brath analyzer for ethanol. Incendiary and timed bombs in road and railway tracks. Defusing live bombs.
- 2.2 Hit -and-go traffic accidents: paint analysis by AAS. Soill of toxic and coorosive chemicals (e.g., conc.acids) from tankers.

UNIT – III: CRIME DETECTION

Accidental explosions during manufacture of matches and fire-works (as in Sivakasi). Human bombs, possible explosives (gelatin sticks, RDX). Metal detector devices and other security measures for VVIP. Composition of bullets and detection of powder burns.

UNIT – IV: FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING

Detecting forgery in bank cheques / drafts and educational records (mark lists, certificates), using UV-light. Alloy analysis using AAS to detect counterfeit coins. Jewellery : detection of gold purity in 22 carat ornaments, detecting gold plated jewels, authenticity of diamonds (natural, synthetic, glassy).

UNIT – V: MEDICAL ASPECTS

AIDS : Cause and prevention . Burns and their treatment by plastic surgery.

Metabolite analysis, using mass spectrum - gas chromotography. Detecting steroid consumption among athletes and race horses.

Text Book:

1. Jay A. Siegel, Forensic chemistry- Fundamentals and applications, Wiley, 2015

Reference Book:

1. Suzanne Bell, Forensic chemistry- Second edition, Pearson, 2012

chemicals (e.g. Kasseri dhal with mentanil yellow).

UNIT - I: FOOD ADULTRATION

Chemical poisons (KCN). First aid a 1.3 Heavy metal (Hg, Pb, Cd) Contamin detecting poisoning (e.g., As in human hair)

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

1.2 Food poisons: natural poisons (alkaloids, nephrotoxins), pesticides (DDT, BHC, Follidol),

Use of neutron activation analysis in

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

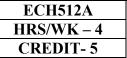
III B.Sc (CH) **SEMESTER - V ELECTIVE - I**

Objectives:

ECH512A HRS/WK - 4CREDIT-5

III B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER - V
ELECTIVE - I

FORENSIC CHEMISTRY For the students admitted in the year 2017



Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks **25 marks**

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A ($20 \times 1 = 15$) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blanks	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION – C $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

1.1 Saponification of oils and fats – Manufacture of soaps – Formulation of Toilet soaps–

Different ingredients used-Their functions-Medicated soaps. Herbal soaps-Mechanism of action of soap–Soft soaps–Shaving soaps and creams–ISI specifications–Testing procedures and limits.

- 1.2 Anionic detergents: Manufacture of LAB (Linear Alkyl Benzene) Sulphonation of LAB preparation of acid slurry-Different ingredients in the formulation of detergent powders and soaps-Liquid detergents-Foam boosters-AOS (alpha olefin sulphonates).
- 1.3 Cationic detergents: Examples- Manufacture and applications.
- 1.4 Non-ionic detergents: Examples-Manufacture of ethylene oxide condensater.
- 1.5 Mechanism of action of detergents: Comparison of soaps and detergents Biodegradation environmental effects – ISI specifications and limits.

UNIT - II: SHAMPOOS AND DYES

UNIT - I: SOAPS AND DETERGENTS

III B.Sc (CH)

SEMESTER - V

ELECTIVE - II

Objectives:

industry.

- 2.1 Manufacture of Sodium lauryl sulphate and Sodium laureth sulphate: Ingredients-Functions-Different kinds of shampoos - anti-dandruff-anti-lice-herbal and baby shampoos.
- 2.2 Hair dye: Manufacture of conditioners Coco betaines or coco diethanolamides -ISI specifications - Testing procedures and limits.
- 2.3 Introduction: Methods of dying Classifications of dyes Methods of application of dyes -Fluorescent brightening agent – non-textile uses of dyes

UNIT – III: SKIN PREPARATIONS

- 3.1 Face and skin powders: Ingredients functions Different types Snows and face creams -A chemical ingredients used – Anti perspirants.
- 3.2 Sun screen preparation: UV absorbers Skin bleaching agents Depilatories Turmeric and neem preparations - Vitamin oil.
- 3.3 Nail polishes: Nail polish preparation Nail polish removers Article removers -Lipsticks - roughes, eyebrow pencils - Ingredients and functions - hazards - ISI specifications.

UNIT – IV: LEATHER & SUGAR CHEMISTRY, AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY

- 4.1 Introduction: Manufacture of leather-Preparation of hides for tanning- Vegetable-chrome and oil tanning-tannery effluents-pollution control.
- 4.2 Introduction- manufacture of cane sugar- recovery of sugar from molasses-manufacture of sucrose from beet root-testing and estimation of sugar.

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CHEMISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS For the students admitted in the year 2014

To provide the basic knowledge in Industrial Product Chemistry and modern trends in the

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

4.3 Classification and examples for insecticides, fungicides and herbicides –fluorine compounds, boron compounds, arsenic compounds, mercuric compounds, pyridine compounds – ill effects of use of chemical fertilizers and insecticides.

UNIT – V: LUBRICANTS, EXPLOSIVES AND PROPELLANTS

[12 Hrs]

- 5.1 Mechanism of lubrication: Classification of lubricants-lubricating oils- greases or semi-solid lubricants- solid lubricants and synthetic lubricants.
- 5.2 Explosives: Classification of explosives, primary explosives-high explosive and low explosive. Blasting fuses-manufacture of important explosives-propellants and rocket fuels-classification of propellants and uses.

Text Books:

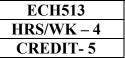
- 1. Gobala Rao. S, Outlines of chemical technology, Affiliated East West Press, 1998.
- 2. Kafaro, Wasteless chemical processing, Mir Publishers, 1995.

Reference Books:

- 1. Sawyer. W, Experimental cosmetics, Dover publishers, New York, 2000.
- 2. B.K.Sharma, Industrial Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, 2004

III B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER - V
ELECTIVE - II

CHEMISTRY OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS For the students admitted in the year 2014



Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks **25 marks**

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A (15 x 1 = 15) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blaks	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION $- C (5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

III B.Sc (CH) **SEMESTER - V ELECTIVE - II**

UNIT – I: FOOD ADULTERATION

Sources of food, types, advantages and disadvantages. Food adulteration - contamination of Wheat, Rice Alial, Milk, Butter etc. with clay stones, water and toxic chemicals - Common adulterants. Common adulterants Ghee adulterants and their detection. Detection of adultered Foods by simple analytical techniques.

FOOD CHEMISTRY

UNIT – II: FOOD POISON

Food Poisons - natural poisons (alkaloids - nephrotoxin) - pesticides, (DDT, BHC, Malathion)-Chemical poisons - First aid for Poison consumed victims.

UNIT – III: FOOD ADDITIVES

Food additives - artificial sweetners - Saccharin - Cyclomate and aspartate. Food flavours esters, aldehydes and heterocyclic compound. Food colours -- Emulsifying agents preservatives - leavening agents. Baking powder - yeast - taste makers - MSG vinegar.

UNIT – IV: BEVERAGES

Beverages - soft drinks - soda - fruit juices - alcholic beverages examples. Carbonation addiction to alcohol – diseases of liver and social problems. 340

UNIT – V: EDIBLE OILS

Fats, Oils - Sources of oils - Production of refined vegetable oils - Preservation. Saturated and unsaturated fats - iodine value - role of MUFA and PUFA in preventing heart diseases determination of iodine value, RM value, saponification values and their significance.

Text Books:

- 1. Swaminathan M., Food Science and Experimental oods, Ganesh and Company.
- 2. Jayashree Ghosh, Fundamental concepts of Applicated chemistry, S. Chand & Co. Publishers.

Reference Book:

1. Thanlamma Jacob, Text Books of applied chemistry for HOme Science and allied Sciences, Macmillan.

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

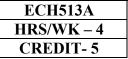
HRS/WK – 4 CREDIT-5

ECH513A

For the students admitted in the year 2017

III B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER - V
ELECTIVE - II

FOOD CHEMISTRY For the students admitted in the year 2017



Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A (15 x 1 = 15) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blaks	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION $- C (5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

III B.Sc (CH)	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICALS	CHP505S
SEMESTER - V	For the students admitted in the year	HRS/WK – 3
CORE PRACTICAL- V	2016	CREDIT- 2

1. Distribution law:

- a) Association of Benzoic acid between water and benzene.
- b) Distribution coefficient of Iodine between water and CCl₄.
- c) Distribution coefficient of Iodine between water and Benzene.

2. Kinetics:

- a) Acid catalyzed hydrolysis of an ester (methyl or ethyl acetate).
- b) Saponification of an ester (methyl or ethyl acetate).
- c) Iodination of acetone.

3. Colligative properties:

Rast's method:

a) Determination of molecular weight of a solute – using naphthalene or diphenyl as solvents.

Solutions:

- a) Determination of activity and activity coefficient from freezing point depression method.
- b) Construction of temperature composition curves for Azeotropic mixtures.
 - (i) Intermediate deviation
 - (ii) Maximum deviation
 - (iii) Minimum deviation

4. Heterogeneous Equilibria:

- a) Phenol water system CST
- b) Effect of impurity 2% NaCl or succinic acid solutions on phenol water system determination of the concentration of the given solution.

5. Determination of the transition temperature of the given salt hydrate:

Na₂S₂O₃.5H₂O, CH₃COONa.3H₂O, SrCl₂.6H₂O, MnCl₂.4H₂O.

Scheme of evaluation

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

Based on the periodical evaluation of record and experiments assessed by the staff in charge.

External Examination:

Aim & short procedure	- 10
Record	- 10
Experiment & Manipulation	- 25
Viva voce	-10
Accuracy	- 5
Total	- 60

(60 MARKS)

(40 MARKS)

GRAVIMETRIC ESTIMATION

CHP506	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT-3	

- 1. Estimation of Sulphate as barium sulphate.
- 2. Estimation of Barium as barium sulphate.
- 3. Estimation of Barium as barium chromate.
- 4. Estimation of Lead as lead chromate.

III B.Sc (CH) SEMESTER - V

CORE PRACTICAL-VI

5. Estimation of Calcium as calcium oxalate monohydrate.

GRAVIMETRIC ESTIMATION PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

(40 MARKS)

(60 MARKS)

Based on the periodical evaluation of record and experiments assessed by the staff incharge.

External Examination:

1. Experiment	20 marks
2. Manipulation	20 marks
3. Accuracy of the report	10 marks
4. Record	10 marks

III B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER - V
CORE PRACTICAL - VII

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICALS

1. Chromatography:

- a) Thin layer chromatography.
- b) Column chromatography.

2. Conductometry:

- a) Determination of strength of stong acid (HCl Vs NaOH).
- b) Verification of Onsager's equation.
- c) Determination of strength of mixture of acids (HCl + CH₃COOH Vs NaOH).

3. Potentiometry:

- a) Determination of single electrode potential.
- b) Determination of pKa of weak acid using std. NaOH solution.

4. Colorimetry:

Determination of unknown concentration using Photoelectric colorimeter.

5. pH meter:

Determination of pKa of acetic acid.

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

(40 MARKS)

Based on the periodical evaluation of record and experiments assessed by the staffincharge.

External Examination:

(60 MARKS)

1. Short procedure and work sheet preparation	5 marks
2. Experiment	20 marks
3. Manipulation	20 marks
4. Accuracy of the report	5 marks
5. Record	10 marks

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY -IV For the students admitted in the year 2014

Objective:

III B.Sc (CH)

SEMESTER - VI

CORE - VIII

- To learn various synthetically important reactions with a view to appreciate their scope, limitations and use in synthetic sequences.
- To impart knowledge about heterocyclic compounds.
- To understand UV, IR, NMR and Mass spectra of organic molecules

UNIT – I: UV-VISIBLE AND IR SPECTROSCOPY

- 1.1 Principles Type of transitions Woodward Fieser rules as applied to conjugated dienes and α,β – unsaturated ketones.
- 1.2 Characteristic IR absorption frequencies of important functional groups finger print region -The effect of intermolecular and intramolecular hydrogen bonding in IR.
- 1.3 Problems based on IR and UV spectra. Problems using Woodward fieser rules.

UNIT – II: NMR SPECTROSCOPY AND MASS SPECTROMETRY [12 Hrs]

- 2.1 Principles of nuclear magnetic resonance chemical shift shielding and deshielding of protons - spin-spin splitting of neighbouring protons. Coupling constants and their application.
- 2.2 Applications of ¹H NMR in the structural determination of simple organic compounds.
- 2.3 Mass spectroscopy: Basic principles of mass spectrum- molecular ion peak, base peak, isotopic peak, determination of molecular formula. Fragmentation patterns in hydrocarbons, alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, acids, halobenzenes.
- 2.4 Simple Combined problems using UV, IR, NMR, Mass spectra

UNIT - III: OXIDATION AND REDUCTION

- 3.1 Oxidation with Cr(VI) and Mn(VII) reagents, Oxidation by peracids and DMSO with oxalyl chloride
- 3.2 Catalytic hydrogenation and dehydrogenation
- 3.3 Reductions with LAH, NaBH₄ and DIBAL. Birch reduction
- 3.4 Hydroboration of alkenes and alkynes.

UNIT – IV: PERICYCLIC REACTIONS AND ALKALOIDS

- 4.1 Electrocyclic reactions -4 and 6 Pi electron system
- 4.2 Cycloaddition reactions -2+2 and 4+2 additions
- 4.3 Signatropic rearrangements 1,3; 1,5 and 3,3 signatropic rearrangements Claisen and Cope rearrangements
- 4.4 Alkaloids: definition, occurrence, extraction of alkaloids from plants, structural elucidation of coniine, piperine.

UNIT – V: HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS AND TERPENOIDS

5.1 Preparation, properties and uses of furan, pyrrole, thiophene, pyridine and piperidine. Comparative study of basicity of pyrrole, pyridine and piperidine with amines.

CH614T

HRS/WK – 4

CREDIT-3

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

- 5.2 Six membered rings: synthesis and reactions of quinoline, isoquinoline and indole. Skraup synthesis, Bischler Napieralskii and Fischer Indole synthesis.
- 5.3 Terpenoids: Classification, isoprene rule, isolation, general structure of geraniol, citral, menthol, α -pinene and camphor. Structural elucidation of menthol.

Text Books:

- 1. B. Y. Paula Yurkanis Bruise, Organic Chemistry, 3rd edition, Pearson education, New Delhi 2002.
- 2. R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic chemistry, 6th edition, Prentice Hall of India Limited., New Delhi, 1992
- 3. I. L. Finar, Organic chemistry, 6th edition, ELBS, 1990.
- 4. O. P. Agarwal, Chemistry of organic natural products vol 2, Goel publishing house, 2002.
- 5. Gurdeep chatwal, Chemistry of organic natural products, vol 2, Goel publishing house, 2002.
- 6. Bahl and Arun Bahl, Organic chemistry, S. Chand and sons, New Delhi, 2005
- 7. William Kemp, Organic Spectroscopy, 3rd edition, sarmaha publishers, 2002
- 8. M. B, smith, Organic synthesis, McGraw Hill International edition 1994.

Reference Books:

- 1. Jerry March, Advanced organic chemistry, 4th edition, John wiley and sons, New Yorkk, 1992.
- 2. S. H. Pine, Organic chemistry, 5th edition, Mcgraw Hill international edition chemistry series, New York, 1987.
- 3. Seyhan. N. Ege, organic chemistry, structure and reactivity, 3rd edition, A.I.T.B.S., New Delhi,1998.
- 4. P. S. Kalsi, Spectroscopy, 2nd edition, Wiley easern ltd, 1993.
- 5. Silverstein and Bassler, Spetrometric identification of organic compounds, John wiley and sons.

III B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER - VI
CORE - VIII

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY -IV For the students admitted in the year 2014

CH614T	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT-3	

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks **25 marks**

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A ($20 \times 1 = 20$) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blaks	(5 x 1 = 5)
III. Match the following	(5 x 1 = 5)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION $- C (5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain a maximum of two subdivisions)

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - IV For the students admitted in the year 2008

Objective:

III B.Sc (CH)

SEMESTER - VI

CORE - IX

- To know the importance of nuclear reactions in the modern world.
- To know the occurrence of lanthanides and actinides in nature and their uses.
- To impart knowledge in Organometallic chemistry and Bio inorganic chemistry

UNIT – I: NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY I

- 1.1 Nuclear Chemistry-Introduction of nucleus-nuclear force acting between nucleons-N/P ratio curves, stability belts packing fraction isotopes -isobars, isotones and isomers.
- 1.2 Nuclear binding energy –Mass defect-simple calculations involving mass defect and binding energy per nucleon-magic number-liquid drop model-shell model.
- 1.3 Natural radioactivity-Detection and measurement of radioactivity-radioactive series including neptunium series-group displacement law –rate of disintegration and half-life period-average life period.

UNIT – II: NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY II

- 2.1 Artificial radioactivity- uses of radioisotopes-hazards of radiation-nuclear fission-nuclear energy nuclear fusion-thermo nuclear reactions-energy source of the sun and stars.
- 2.2 Nuclear reaction: Types & reactions cross section, Q-value, threshold energy, compound nucleus theory, direct reaction & photonuclear reaction
- 2.3 Nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactor, particle accelerators, linear accelerators, cyclotrons

UNIT – III: BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Bioinorganic chemistry: Role of metal ions in biological system - Heme proteins and oxygen uptake, structure and function of hemoglobin, myoglobin. Metalo enzymes-Carboxypeptidase, Carbonicanhydrase - Na^+/K^+ - pump.

UNIT – IV: ORGANO METALLIC CHEMISTRY I

- 4.1 Organo Metallic Chemistry Compounds with transition metals to carbon bonds classification of ligands nomenclature- 18 electron rule metal alkyls and metal alkyllidenes
- 4.2 Chemistry of f-block elements; Occurrence, elements, oxidation states, magnetic properties, color and spectra-lanthanide contraction-causes, consequences and uses-comparison between 3d and 4f block elements comparative account of lanthanides and actinides

UNIT – V: ORGANO METALLIC CHEMISTRY II

Organometallic Chemistry: catalysis - Hydrogenation of olefins (Wilkinson's catalyst), Hydroformylation of olefins using cobalt catalysts (oxo process), oxidation of olefins to aldehydes and ketones (wacker's process), polymerization (zeigler-Natta catalyst); cyclo oligomerisation of acetylene using nickel catalyst (Repee's catalyst) – polymer bound catalyst

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[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

CH615S HRS/WK – 4 CREDIT- 3

Text Books:

- 1. H. J. Arnikar, Essentials Of Nuclear Chemistry, 4th edition, New Age international, New Delhi, 1995.
- 2. Puri.B.R; Sharma, L.R; Kalia,K.C. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, Lal Nagin chand and co. Delhi 1996.
- 3. J. D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 5th edition, Blackwell science, London 1996.
- 4. F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson, C. Murillo and M. Bochman, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 6th edition., John wiley, New York 1999.
- 5. R. Gopalan, Inorganic Chemistry For Undergraduates, university press pvt ltd, 1st ed, 2009.

Reference Books:

- 1. D. F. Shriver and P. W. Atkins, Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd edition., W. H. Freeman and Co, London, 1999.
- 2. Samuel. S. Glasstone, Source Book of Atomic Energy, 3rd ed, ELBS, 1986.
- 3. Keith F. Purcell.; John C. Kotz, Inorganic Chemisty, W.B Saunder Company, 1977
- 4. Lehninger, Principles of Bio Chemistry, Van Eikeren, 1982.
- 5. Ivano. ; Harry B. Gray. ; Stephen J. Lippard.; Valentine, Bioinorganic Chemistry, 1st ed, University science book, 1998.

III B.Sc (CH)
SEMESTER - VI
CORE - IX

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - IV For the students admitted in the year 2008

CH615S	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT-3	

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer (10 x 1 = 10)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Fourteen (Conceptual and descriptive type questions) (Not more than two questions from any unit)

> SECTION -C (5 x 7 = 35) Answer Five out of Eight (May contain two sub divisions) (Conceptual and descriptive type)

SECTION –D (1 x 10 = 10) Answer One out of Three (Preferably not more than one question in one unit) (Problem solving type)

III B.Sc (CH)	THERMODYNAMICS OF IDEAL AND NON	CH616S
SEMESTER - VI	IDEAL SOLUTIONS	HRS/WK – 4
CORE - X	For the students admitted in the year 2014	CREDIT - 3

Objective:

• To learn the chemistry of Ideal and Non Ideal. To Learn Raoult's law and Nernst distribution law in sloutions. To impart the knowledge on Electrochemistry.

UNIT - I

- 1.1 The properties of mixture- thermodynamic description of mixture-measures of concentration -partial molar properties -spontaneous mixing-ideal solutions- Ideal -dilute Solutions.
- 1.2 Real solutions -Colligative properties-modification of boiling and freezing points- Osmosis.
- 1.3 Phase diagrams of mixture- mixture of volatile liquids-liquid liquid phase diagrams-liquid solidphase diagrams-ultra purity and controlled impurity. (Pages 111-142)

UNIT – II

- 2.1 Principle of chemical equilibrium-reaction Gibbs energy –variation of ΔG with composition -reactions at equilibrium-standard reaction Gibbs energy.
- 2.2 The response of equilibria to the conditions- presence of a catalyst effect of temperatureeffect of compression. (Pages 143-166)

UNIT – III

- 3.1 Consequences of equilibrium-proton transfer equilibrium -Bronzed-Lowry theory protonation and deprotonation- amphiprotic systems.
- 3.2 Salts in water- Acid base titrations -buffer action-indictors -solubility constants -common -ion effect. (Pages 167-186)

UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Electro chemistry -migration of ions- conductivity-specific, equivalent and molar conductance-ion mobility.
- 4.2 Electro chemical cells-half reactions and electrodes –reactions at electrodes. (Pages 187-196)

UNIT - V

[12 Hrs]

- 5.1 Electrochemical cells-varieties of cell- the cell reaction -the cell potential -cells at equilibrium –standard potentials-the variation of potential with pH-the determination of pH.
- 5.2 Applications of standard potential-the electro chemical series-the determination of thermodynamic functions. (Pages 197-214)

Text Book:

1. P.W. Atkins. Elements of Physical chemistry. Oxford university Press. 3rd edition. 1990.

Reference Books:

- 1. J.Rajaram and J.C.Kuriacose, Thermodynamics For Students of Chemistry, Lal Nagin Chand, New Delhi, 3rd edition, 1986.
- 2. Puri and Sharma. Principles of physical chemistry. 40th edition.2003

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

3. Arun Bahl, B.S.Bahl and G.D.Tuli . Essentials of Physical Chemistry. 26th edition (revised multicolour). 2009

III B.Sc (CH)	THERMODYNAMICS OF IDEAL AND NON	CH616S
SEMESTER - VI	IDEAL SOLUTIONS	HRS/WK – 4
CORE - X	For the students admitted in the year 2014	CREDIT - 3

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks **25 marks**

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A $(15 \times 1 = 15)$ Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Match the following	(05 x 1 = 5)

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve (Conceptual descriptive and Problem solving type)

SECTION – C (5 x 8 = 40) Answer Five out of Seven (May contain sub divisions) (Conceptual descriptive and Problem solving type)

soft drugs-structure-activity relationship (SAR). 1.2 Theories of drug activity: Occupancy theory-rate theory-induced fit theory-Quantitative

- structure activity relationship. 1.3 Concepts of drug receptors: Elementary treatment of drug receptor interactions.
- 1.4 Introductions to pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics

To impart knowledge in drug designing

UNIT – II: ANTIBIOTICS

UNIT – I: DRUG DESIGN

III B.Sc (CH)

SEMESTER - VI

ELECTIVE - III

Objectives:

•

- 2.1 Antibiotics Cell wall biosynthesis– inhibitors– β-lactum rings–antibiotics inhibiting protein synthesis.
- 2.2 SAR of penicillin G penicillin V- chloramphenicol- ciprofloxin- tetracycline streptomycin.

UNIT – III: ANTINEOPLASTIC AGENTS & CARDIOVASCULAR DRUGS [12 Hrs] **Antineoplastic Agents**

- 3.1 Introduction- cancer chemotheraphy- special problems-role of alkylating agents and antimetabolites in treatment of cancer.
- 3.2 SAR of uracil- mustards- 6-mercaptopurine Hormone and natural products.

Cardiovascular Drugs

3.4 Introduction – cardiovascular diseases–central intervention of cardiovascular output – Direct acting arteriolar dilators.

UNIT – IV: ANTHINFECTIVE DRUGS

4.1 Introduction and general mode of action.

4.2 SAR of sulphonamides – nalidixic acid –amino salicylic acid – isoniazid-chloroquin.

UNIT – V: PSYCHOIACTIVE DRUGS-THE CHEMOTHERAPY OF MIND [12 Hrs]

- 5.1. Introduction neuotransmitters– CNS depressants– general anaesthetica– mode of action of hypnotics- sedatives- anti-anxiety drugs- benzodiazepines- buspirone- neurochemistry of mental diseases.
- 5.2. Antipsychotic drugs- the neuroleptics- antidepressants- butyrophenones- serendipity and drug development- stereochemical aspects of psychotropic drugs.

Text Books:

- 1. Introduction to medicinal chemistry, A.Gringuage, Wiley-VCH
- 2. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Ed Robert F.Dorge.

MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY For the students admitted in the year 2016

To acquire knowledge of synthesis of currently used drugs and their potential use.



[12 Hrs] 1.1 Development of new drugs- procedures followed in drug design-concepts of prodrugs and

[12 Hrs]

- 3. Medicinal Chemistry, Ashutosh Kar, New Age International (P) Ltd., 1996
- 4. Textbook of pharmaceutical chemistry, Jayashree Ghosh, S.Chand&Company Ltd., 1997

Reference Books:

- 1. An introduction to drug design, S.S.Pandeya and J.R.Dimmock, New Age international.
- 2. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry and Drug discovery, Vol-1(chapter-9 & 14), Ed. M.E.Wolff, John Wiley.
- 3. Goodman and Gilman's Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, McGraw-Hill.
- 4. The organic chemistry of drug design and drug action, R.B. Silverman, Academic press.
- 5. Strategies for Organic Drug synthesis and design, D. Lednicer, John Wiley.

III B.Sc (CH)	
SEMESTER - VI	
ELECTIVE - III	

MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY For the students admitted in the year 2016



Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A (15 x 1 = 15) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blaks	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION –C (5 x 7 = 35)

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY For the students admitted in the year 2017

Objectives:

III B.Sc (CH)

SEMESTER - VI

ELECTIVE - III

• To give the students the importance of Agricultural chemistry and an exposure to find, analyse and find a suitable method to cultivate and promote agricultural methods.

UNIT - I: SOIL CHEMISTRY

Soil analysis. Composition of soil: Organic and Inorganic constituents. Soil acidity: buffering capacity of soils. Limiting of soil. Absorption of cations and anions: availability of soil nutrients to plants

UNIT – II: FERTILIZERS

Peat and organic manures (composts). Role of humus. Effluent form gobar gas plants. Use of fertilizers: urea, DAP, Super phosphate, Gypsum, NPK-mixed fertilizers, optimal addition of Fertilizers to obtain estimated yields.

UNIT – III: PESTICIDES – I

Insecticides: stomach and contact poisons. Plant derivatives: pyrethrine, Nicotine and rotenone Synthetic organic: carbophos, carbaryl, p-DCB, dimethoate, butachlor, Endrin, Aldrin (Chemical name and uses). Rodenticdes.

UNIT – IV: PESTICIDES – II

[12 Hrs] Fungicides: Inorganic (Bordeaux mixture) and organic (dithiocarbamate). Industrial fungicides: creosote fractions. Herbicides and weedicides: Selective and non-selective Intenerated pest management. Sex attractants for insect control. Sustainable agriculture.

UNIT – V: PLANT FROWTH REGULATORS

3-Indole acetic acid: Naphthalene Acetic Acid: Ethepon (2-chloroethyl phosphoric acid): Alar (succinin acid-2, 2-dimethyhydrzine :) their function.

Plant hormones: Gibberlin, Cyclocel, Phosphon, dwarfing compound (CCC: 2-Chlorethyltrimethyl ammonium chloride). Defoliants

Text Book:

1. G.T. Austin: shreve's Chemical Process Industries, 5th edition, Mc-Graw-Hill, 1984

Reference Book:

1. B.A. Yagodin (Ed). Agricultural Chemistry, 2 Volumes, Mir Publishers (Moscow), 1976.

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

ECH617A HRS/WK – 4 CREDIT-5

III B.Sc (CH)	
SEMESTER - VI	
ELECTIVE - III	

AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY For the students admitted in the year 2017



Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A (15 x 1 = 15) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blaks	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION -C (5 x 7 = 35)

Answer **Five** out of **Seven** (Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

To study the importance of polymers To emphasize the applications of polymers.

POLYMER CHEMISTRY

For the students admitted in the year 2014

UNIT – I: BASICS

Objective:

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- 1.1. Importance of polymers. Basic concepts: Monomers-repeating unitsdegree of polymeriztation-Linear, branched and network polymers.
- 1.2. Classification of polymers: Polymerisation condensation, addition, radical chain-ionic and coordination and co-polymerization. Polymerization conditions and polymer reactions. Polymerization in homogeneous and heterogenous systems

UNIT – II: STRUCTURE AND PROPERTIES

- 2.1 Morphology and order in crystalline polymers configurations of polymer chains Crystal structures of polymers.
- 2.2 Morphology of crystalline polymers: strain-induced morphology, crystallization and melting-Crystalline melting point Tm. The glass transition temperature, Tg relationship between T_m and T_g .

UNIT – III: POLYMER PROCESSING

Plastics, elastomers and fibers: Compounding-Processing techniques: Calendering-die casting-rotational casting-film casting-injection moulding-blow moulding-extrusion moulding-thermoforming-foaming-reinforcing and fibre spinning.

UNIT – IV: POLYMER CHARACTERIZATION

- 4.1 Polydispersion: Average molecular weight concept-Number, weight and viscosity average molecular weights-Polydispersity and molecular weight distribution - The practical significance of molecular weight.
- 4.2 Analysis and testing of polymers: Chemical analysis of polymers- spectroscopic methods-Xray diffraction study-Thermal analysis and physical testing - tensile strength-Fatigue, impact-Tear resistance-Hardness and abrasion resistance.

UNIT – V: PROPERTIES OF COMMERCIAL POLYMERS

- 5.1 Polyethylene, Polyvinyl chloride, polyamides, phenolic resins, epoxy resins and silicone polymers.
- 5.2 Functional polymers fire retarding polymers and electrically conducting polymers. Biomedical polymers - contact lens, dental polymers, artificial heart, kidney, skin and blood cells.

Text Books:

- 1. Text book of Polymer Science, F.W. Billmeyer Jr, Wiley
- 2. Polymer Science, V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan and J. Sreedhar, New Age International(P) Ltd., 2005

III B.Sc (CH) **SEMESTER - VI ELECTIVE - IV**

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

HRS/WK-4 **CREDIT-5**

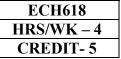
ECH618

Reference Books:

- Functional monomers and polymers, K. Takemoto, Y, Inaki and R. M. Ottanbrite.
 Physics and chemistry of polymers, J. M. G. Cowie, Blackie Academic and Professional.

III B.Sc (CH)	
SEMESTER - VI	
ELECTIVE - IV	

POLYMER CHEMISTRY For the students admitted in the year 2014



Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks 25 marks

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A ($20 \times 1 = 20$) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blaks	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION $- C (5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)

To know the basic ideas of Nano chemistry. UNIT – I: GREEN CHEMISTRY – INTRODUCTION

To know the basics of Green Chemistry and its developments.

- 1.1 Need for green chemistry principles of green chemistry atom economy definition with example (ibuprofen synthesis)
- 1.2 Green oxidant hydrogen peroxide.
- 1.3 Microwave assisted organic synthesis apparatus required examples of MAOS (synthesis of fused anthroquinones, acetalization of a by-product of sugar industry, 1, 3-dipolar cycloaddition of nitrones to fluorinated dipolarophiles, Leukart reductive amination of ketones) advantages and disadvantages of MAOS.
- 1.4 Organic reactions by sonication method apparatus required examples of sonochemical reactions (Heck, Hundsdiecker and Wittig reactions).

UNIT – II: GREEN REACTIONS

- 2.1 Acetylation of primary amine, base catalyzed aldol condensation (synthesis of dibenzalpropanone), halogen addition to C=C bond (bromination of trans-stilbene), [4+2] cycloaddition reaction (Diels-Alder reaction between furan and maleic acid).
- 2.2 Rearrangement reaction (benzyl-benzilic acid rearrangement), coenzyme catalyzed benzoin condensation (thiamine hydrochloride catalyzed synthesis of enzoin, Pechmann condensation for coumarin synthesis (clay catalyzed solid state synthesis of 7-hydroxy-4-methylcoumarin).
- 2.3 Electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions (nitration of phenol, bromination of acetanilide) – green oxidation reactions (synthesis of adipic acid, preparation of manganese (III) acetylacetonate) – zeolite catalyzed Friedel-Crafts acylation.

UNIT – III: GREEN SOLVENTS

- 3.1 Ionic liquids: simple preparation types properties and application ionic liquids in organic reactions (Heck reaction, Suzuki reactions, epoxidation), industrial (battery) and analytical chemistry (matrices for MALDI-TOF MS, gas chromatography stationary phases advantages and disadvantages.
- 3.2 Super critical CO2 preparation, properties and applications (decaffeination, dry cleaning) environmental impact.
- 3.3 Diels-Alder reaction in water catalysis in water (aerobic oxidation of alcohols catalyzed by Pd(II) / bathophenanthroline).

UNIT – IV: BASICS OF NANOCHEMISTRY

- 4.1 Definition, length scales and importance of nanoscale and its technology self assembly of materials self assembly of molecules porous solids, nanowires, nanomachines and quantum dots.
- 4.2 Nano particles: Introduction types of nanoparticles preparation, properties and uses of gold, silicon, silver, zinc oxide, iron oxide, alumina and titania nanoparticles.

GREEN CHEMISTRY For the students admitted in the year 2017

SEMESTER - VI ELECTIVE - IV

Objective:

III B.Sc (CH)

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

[12 Hrs]

4.3 Techniques to synthesize nanoparticles – top down and bottom up approaches – common growth methods.

UNIT – V: NANO MATERIALS AND THEIR CHARACTERIZATION [12 Hrs]

- 5.1 Preparation, properties and applications of carbon nanotubes, nanorods, nano fibre and nanoclay toxic effects of nanomaterials.
- 5.2 Electron microscopes scanning electron microscopes (SEM) transmission electron microscopes (TEM) scanning probe microscopy atomic force microscopy (AFM) scanning tunneling electron microscope (STEM) basic principles only.

Text Books:

- 1. Green Chemistry: Environmental Friendly Alternatives, Rs. Sanghi and M.M.Srinivatava, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. Green Chemistry, V.K. Ahluwalia, Narosa, New Delhi (2011).
- 3. Nanotechnology, S.Shanmugam, MJP Publishers, Chennai. (2010).
- 4. A Handbook on Nanochemistry, Patrick Salomon, Dominant Publishers and Distributers, New Delhi.
- 5. Nanobiotechnology, S. Balaji, MJP Publishers, Chennai. (2010).
- 6. Nano: The Essentials, T. Pradeep, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, New Delhi (2007).

Reference Books:

- 1. Methods and Reagents for Green Chemistry, P. Tundo, A. Perosa and F. Zechini, John Wiley & Sons Inc., New Jercy, (2007).
- 2. The Chemistry of Nanomaterial: Synthesis, Properties and Applications, Vol. I and II, CNR Rao, Springer (2006).
- 3. Nanotechnology: Basic Science and Emerging Technologies, Mick Wilson, Kamali Kannangara, Geoff Smith, Michelle Simmons, Burkhard Raguse, Overseas Press (2005).
- 4. Nanochemistry, G. B. Segreev, Elsevier, Science, New York, (2006).

III B.Sc (CH)	
SEMESTER - VI	
ELECTIVE - IV	

GREEN CHEMISTRY For the students admitted in the year 2017

ECH618A	
HRS/WK – 4	
CREDIT-5	

Question paper pattern

Continuous internal assessment (CIA) (25 marks)

Two internal Examinations Assignment / Seminar Attendance **Total** 10 marks 10 marks 5 marks **25 marks**

External Examination (75 marks)

Question Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A ($20 \times 1 = 20$) Answer ALL the Questions

I. Choose the correct answer	(10 x 1 = 10)
II. Fill up the blaks	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$
III. Match the following	$(5 \ge 1 = 5)$

SECTION – B (10 x 2 = 20) Answer any Ten out of Twelve

SECTION $- C (5 \times 7 = 35)$

Answer Five out of Seven

(Each question should contain sub divisions with maximum of 3 marks)